TE WHATU ORA – HEALTH NEW ZEALAND
AND NEW ZEALAND NURSES ORGANISATION

NURSING and MIDWIFERY

COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

31 March 2023 – 31 October 2024
# Table of Contents

1

**TE WHATU ORA – HEALTH NEW ZEALAND AND NEW ZEALAND NURSES ORGANISATION**  __1__

**NURSING and MIDWIFERY**  __1__

**COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT**  __1__

**Te Whatu Ora / NZNO Collective Agreement (CA)**  __6__

**TE TIRITI O WAITANGI**  __6__

1.0 Parties  __6__

2.0 Coverage and Application  __7__

3.0 Term  __8__

4.0 Variation of this CA  __8__

5.0 Definitions  __9__

6.0 Hours of Work  __11__

7.0 Meal Breaks and Rest Periods  __16__

8.0 Salaries  __17__

8.0.1 Registered Nurses  __17__

8.0.2 Enrolled, Obstetric, Karitane and Assistant Nurses  __17__

8.0.3 Health Care Assistants  __18__

8.0.4 Mental Health Assistants  __18__

8.0.5 Senior Designated Nurses  __19__

8.0.6 Nurse Practitioners  __20__

8.0.7 Registered Midwives  __21__

8.0.8 Community Midwives  __21__

8.0.9 Senior Designated Midwives  __22__

8.0.10 Caseload Midwives  __23__

8.1 Operation of Salary Scales  __23__

8.2 Overtime and Penal Time  __24__

8.2.2 Overtime  __25__

8.2.3 Penal Rates  __25__

9.0 Call Backs  __26__

10.0 Allowances  __26__

10.1 On Call  __26__

10.2 Higher Duties  __27__

10.3 Shift Coordination Allowance  __27__

10.4 Duly Authorised Officers  __28__

10.5 Authorised Officers Allowance  __28__

10.6 Telephone On-Call  __29__

10.7 Meal Allowance  __29__
28.3 Health Care Assistants / Hospital Aides ........................................... 60
29.0 Policies and Procedures ................................................................. 60
30.0 Indemnity Cover ........................................................................... 61
31.0 Health and Safety ........................................................................ 61
32.0 Accidents – Transport of Injured Employees ............................... 62
33.0 Safe Staffing .................................................................................. 62
34.0 Uniforms and Protective Clothing ................................................. 62
35.0 Payment of Wages ........................................................................ 63
36.0 Termination of Employment .......................................................... 63
36.1 Notice Period .................................................................................. 64
36.2 Abandonment of Employment ...................................................... 64
37.0 Harassment Prevention ................................................................. 64
38.0 Resolution of Employment Relations Problems ............................ 65
39.0 Deduction of Union Fees .............................................................. 66
40.0 Bargaining Fee ............................................................................. 67
41.0 Superannuation ............................................................................. 68
42.0 Retiring Gratuities ........................................................................ 68
43. Appendices ...................................................................................... 69
Appendix 1 (b) ..................................................................................... 70
Appendix 1 (c) ..................................................................................... 76
Appendix 1 (d) ..................................................................................... 77
Appendix 1 (d) ..................................................................................... 79
Appendix 2(a) ...................................................................................... 84

SCHEDULE OF RETIRING GRATUITIES PROVISIONS BY DHB .............................................. 84
Auckland Region MECA ........................................................................ 84
Northern Districts MECA: ................................................................. 87
Waikato DHB ...................................................................................... 88
Bay Of Plenty DHB ........................................................................... 90
Tairawhiti DHB ................................................................................ 90
Northland DHB ............................................................................... 92
Lower North Island MECA ............................................................... 93
Wairarapa DHB ............................................................................... 93
Hutt Valley DHB ............................................................................. 94
Whanganui DHB: .......................................................... ............................ 94
MidCentral DHB .......................................................................... 95
Appendix 1

 Appendix 2(b) .......................................................................................................................................... 106

 ALLOWANCES  ........................................................................................................................................ 106

 Appendix 3 (a) ......................................................................................................................................... 107

 ENROLLED NURSES .......................................................................................................................... 107
Te Whatu Ora / NZNO Collective Agreement (CA)

TE TIRITI O WAITANGI

(a) Te Whatu ORA and the NZNO acknowledge the importance of Te Tiriti o Waitangi as the constitutional basis of the relationship between Māori and the Crown, and the unique status of Māori as tangata whenua of Aotearoa/New Zealand.

(b) Te Whatu Ora and the NZNO are committed to implementing Te Tiriti o Waitangi between Māori and the Crown and will promote and enable an understanding of the principles and their implementation in the workplace.

(c) The parties’ obligations include:
   (i) developing a good understanding of the needs and aspirations of whānau, hapū, iwi and Māori communities, including through building awareness of the aims of He Korowai Oranga - the Māori Health Strategy and the Māori Health Action Plan.
   (ii) developing the capability (skills, knowledge and behaviour) required to engage meaningfully with Māori.
   (iii) developing, in a supportive environment, knowledge of Te Tiriti o Waitangi and Te Ao Māori and how this applies in the context of the work we do and the communities we serve.
   (iv) enabling all employees to gain an understanding of the responsibilities and obligations of Te Tiriti o Waitangi and be able to demonstrate this in our workplace.
   (v) encouraging the development in, and the promotion of, Te Reo Māori.

(d) Te Whatu Ora and NZNO members acknowledge their respective responsibilities and commitments to the clauses above

1.0 Parties

1.1 In accordance with the Employment Relations Act 2000 this collective agreement is made:

BETWEEN:

Te Whatu Ora – Health New Zealand

(The “Employer”)

AND:

The New Zealand Nurses Organisation (NZNO)
1.2 Where this agreement has clauses or appendices referring to specific terms and conditions for a specific locality, district or region the former boundaries that existed prior to this agreement will become location specific terms and conditions.

Please refer to Appendix 1A for “Healthy Workplaces Agreement” which replaces this sub-clause.

2.0 Coverage and Application

2.1 This is a collective agreement (CA) that is made pursuant to the Employment Relations Act 2000. This CA shall apply to all employees who are members of NZNO and who are employed by the employer party to this CA in the roles listed below or hold a nursing and midwifery position and is required by the employer to be a qualified health professional:

- Nurse Practitioners
- Registered Nurses
- Registered Midwives
- Enrolled Nurses
- Registered Obstetric Nurses
- Karitane Nurses
- Health Care Assistants/ Hospital Aides

2.2 There are exclusions to the coverage described above that apply at specific Districts as follows:

- Directors of Nursing and/or Midwifery or equivalent positions (such as Professional Nurse or midwife Advisors) (at all Districts)
- Associate Directors of Nursing or Midwifery or equivalent positions (such as Professional Nurse or Midwife Advisors / Leaders) (at all Districts)
- Mental Health nursing positions (at Waitemata, Auckland, Counties Manukau, Nelson/Marlborough, and West Coast Districts)

The Employer agrees to alter these exclusions should coverage definitions between NZNO and PSA change.

2.3 The parties agree that any employee whose work is covered by the coverage clause of this agreement (clause 2.1-2.2 above), who is engaged by the employer between the date this agreement comes into effect and the expiry date shall be offered information about becoming a member of the union which is a party to this agreement, as supplied by that union. The new employee shall from the date of becoming a union member, be entitled to all benefits, and be bound by all the obligations, under this agreement. Further to this, the provisions of Section 62 of the Employment Relations Act 2000 shall apply.
2.4 Savings: Nothing in this CA shall operate as to reduce the ordinary (T1) salary rate applying to any employee at the date of this CA coming into force unless specifically agreed between the parties during the negotiations.

2.5 Non-Waiver Understanding: Failure by either party to enforce any right or obligation with respect to any matter arising in connection with this agreement, shall not constitute a waiver as to that matter, or any other matter, either then or in the future.

2.6 The Employer undertakes not to reduce Nursing, Midwifery or Health Care Assistant numbers solely on the basis of the additional costs of employing nurses under this agreement.

2.7 All terms and conditions in this Agreement shall have effect/apply from the date specified in the particular clause, or from the date specified in the term of the agreement (Clause 3) where there is no date specified, except that:

Subject to s.56 of the Employment Relations Act 2000, any employee who becomes bound by this agreement after the date of ratification shall only be able to enforce the terms with effect from the date on which they advise the employer they have joined NZNO.

3.0 Term

The term of the CA is 31 March 2023 – October 31 2024. The CA comes into force on 22 September 2023.

4.0 Variation of this CA

Any variation to this CA shall be mutually agreed between all the parties and such variation shall be in writing and signed by all the parties.

All parties shall be informed of and provided with relevant information about any proposed variation.

The process for variation to the CA involves the party seeking the variation putting forward the proposed variation, along with supporting information describing the reason for seeking the variation and any potential national impact.

**Employer party seeking Variation to CA**

- The Employer sends the proposed variation and supporting documentation (outlining reasons for the proposed variation) to the Employment Relations Governance Group (ERGG).
- If the Employer supports the proposal, it is forwarded to NZNO’s Te Whatu Ora Industrial Advisor for the Unions’ consideration and response.
- The union advise the Employer of whether or not NZNO agree to the variation.
• The Employer arranges for the variation to be signed and copies provided to the parties.

NZNO seeking Variation to CA
• NZNO forwards the proposal for a variation to the Employer.
• The Employer arranges for comment to be made on the proposed variation by Districts to whom the variation applies.
• Assuming support in 2 above, the Employer arranges for comment to be made on the proposed variation by other Districts.
• The Employer informs NZNO of whether or not the Employer has agreed to the variation.
• The Employer arranges for the variation to be signed and copies provided to the parties.

5.0 Definitions

“Authorised Officer” means anyone appointed to undertake Authorised Officer duties and has the same meaning as in section 91 of the Substance Addition (Compulsory Assessment and Treatment) Act 2017.

“Caseload Midwife” shall, when used in this CA, include those employees undertaking similar roles but using other designations such as Continuity Care Midwives, Domino Midwives or Lead Maternity Carer.

“Casual employee” means an employee who has no set hours or days of work and who is asked to work as and when required with no expectation of ongoing employment. Casual employees cannot be used to replace genuine permanent or temporary situations except to meet business requirements when no other alternative is available.

“Community Nurse and Midwife” means nurses and midwives working in the community, and includes community mental health nurses, district nurses, public health nurses and other nurses and midwives designated by the Employer as a community nurse or midwife.

“District nurse” means a registered nurse who is engaged in domiciliary and/or community nursing duties, and, where required by the Employer in any particular locality, in public health services.

“Duly Authorised Officer (DAO)” means anyone appointed to undertake Duly Authorised Officer duties and has the same meaning as in the Mental Health (Compulsory Assessment and Treatment) Act 1992.

“Duty/shift” means a single, continuous period of work required to be given by an employee, excluding overtime, on-call and call-back. A duty shall be defined by a starting and finishing time. Duties shall be morning (AM), afternoon (PM) duties or night duties. When a major part of a duty falls on a particular day the whole duty shall be regarded as being worked on that day.
“Employee” means any person employed by the employer and whose position is covered by this CA.

“Employer” means Te Whatu Ora, employing the particular employee.

“Enrolled nurse (EN)” has the same meaning as in the HPCA.

“Full time employee” means an employee who works not less than the “ordinary” or “normal” hours set out under “hours of work” in this CA.

“Health Care Assistant (HCA)” or “Hospital Aide (HA)” means an employee who is an auxiliary to the nursing team and is able to perform tasks in their position description relating to patient care and who works under the direction of a registered nurse or midwife. Attention is drawn to the list of current titles (appendix 1(d)) but the parties further acknowledge that whilst there are a range of common titles existing across the country, different designations are also in use such as Operating Theatre Assistants and Mental Health Assistants.

“HPCA” means the Health Practitioners Competence Assurance Act 2003 and its successors.

“Karitane nurse” means a person who has undergone the course of training and passed the examinations for Karitane nurses conducted by the Royal New Zealand Plunket Society.

“Midwife” means a person who is registered as a midwife under the HPCA.

“Night Duty” means any duty which, as part thereof, comprises the hours between midnight and 5:00am on any day of the week.

“Nurse Practitioner” means a person as defined by the HPCA as a Nurse Practitioner.

“Nurse and nursing staff and/or ‘employee(s)’ ” includes all employees covered by this CA who:

- is qualified for registration under the HPCA as comprehensive, psychiatric, psychopaedic, general and/or obstetric nurses, or midwives; or
- is qualified for enrolment in terms of the HPCA as enrolled nurses or nurse assistants; or
- is undergoing a course of training prescribed by the registration body (Nursing Council) with a view to registration as aforesaid; or
- holds the appropriate qualifications and are employed as Karitane nurses; or are employed as Hospital Aides, Mental Health Assistants or Health Care Assistants.

“Ordinary time hourly rate of pay” shall be 1/2086, correct to two decimal places of a dollar, of the yearly rate of salary payable. T1 refers to the ordinary hourly rate of pay; T1.5 refers to one and a half times the ordinary hourly rate of pay; and T2 refers to double the ordinary hourly rate of pay.

“Part-time employee” means an employee, other than a casual employee, who is employed on a permanent basis but works less than the ordinary or normal hours prescribed in this
CA. Any wages and benefits (except sick leave), e.g. leave, will be pro rata according to the hours worked unless specifically stated otherwise in this CA.

“Registered Nurse (RN)” means a person as defined by the HPCA as a Registered Nurse.

“Registered Obstetric Nurse (RON)” means a person as defined by the HPCA as a Registered Obstetric Nurse.

“Relevant Daily Pay” has the meaning as provided by the Holidays Act 2003.

“Senior Nurses or Midwives” means a nurse or midwife who is appointed by a District into a designated senior position and is paid on the scale at 8.0.3.

“Service” means the current continuous service with the employer and its predecessors (District Health Boards, Hospital and Health Services, Crown Health Enterprises, Regional Health Authorities, Health Funding Authority, Area Health Boards and Hospital Boards), except where otherwise defined in the applicable clause. Service shall not be deemed to be broken by an absence of less than three months. However, where the employee remains actively engaged on nursing or midwifery related work or study whilst absent, the period of three months shall extend to twelve months. This period of absence does not count as service for the purpose of attaining a service related entitlement.

“Shift work” is defined as the same work performed by two or more employees or two or more successive sets or groups of employees working successive periods.

Fixed Term Employee” means an employee who is employed for a specified limited term for a specified project, situation or event, or, for example, to replace an employee on parental leave or long-term accident or sickness. There is no expectation of ongoing employment. Fixed term agreements must not be used to deny staff security of employment.

“Week” is defined as midnight Sunday/Monday to midnight Sunday/Monday, for the purpose of calculating the pay week and “fortnight” has a corresponding meaning involving two successive weeks.

6.0 Hours of Work

The parties note that the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 S.36 (1) requires the employer to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the health and safety of workers.

In designing and implementing shift rosters to meet service needs, the employer shall ensure the disruption, personal health effects and fatigue associated with shift work are minimised for the group of workers involved. Rosters shall be jointly developed and reviewed by the employer, representatives of the affected employees and NZNO.

Attention is drawn to the rostering guidelines in each District. The employer will endeavour to ensure safe staffing levels and appropriate skill mix in work areas. There shall be a programme of regular monitoring of staffing levels and skill mix. Any identified staffing deficiencies shall be addressed.
parties’ attention is drawn to the establishment of a staff Staffing / Healthy Workplaces Unit and should ensure that rostering practices are compatible with any systems and guidelines that results from the unit’s work.

The parties agree that with respect to rosters and hours of work, initiatives for innovation and flexibility may be trialled within a District/s for a defined period. The conditions of such trial shall be mutually agreed between the directly affected parties prior to commencement. At the end of the trial an evaluation based on agreed criteria must be completed within a set timeframe. The results of the trial are to be forwarded to the HOF for consideration as to whether it may be applied nationally through either a variation to this CA or facilitation by a subsequent CA.

The provisions of Clause 6 will not apply to Caseload Midwives with the alternate clause under 10.7 applying.

6.1 The ordinary working hours of an employee employed full-time shall be 80 per fortnight.

6.2 Employees will normally work 8 hours a day/shift in duration, except that part-time employees by mutual agreement between the employer and the employee, may work shifts of no less than 4 hours.

6.3 The pay period shall commence at the beginning of the Sunday/Monday night shift. When a major part of a shift falls on a particular day the whole shift shall be regarded as being worked on that day.

6.4 All duties must commence between 0600 and 2315 hours. Duty hours must be consecutive except for unpaid meal breaks.

6.5 Rosters will be published not less than 28 days prior to the commencement of the roster, provided that less notice may be given in exceptional circumstances. Rosters posted will show duties for a minimum 28-day period. Changes in rosters, once posted, shall be by mutual agreement.

6.6 Roster Pattern Divisors

The following rosters or combination of rosters will apply during the term of this Agreement:

- 5 days on duty followed by 2 days off duty - 2086 hours p.a. (i.e.: shift length 8 hours)
- 4 days on duty followed by 4 days off duty - 1460 hours p.a. (i.e.: shift length 8 hours)
- 4 days on duty followed by 3 days off duty - 2086 hours p.a. (i.e.: shift length 10 hours)
- 4 days on duty followed by 2 days off duty – 2086 hours pa. (i.e.: shift length 8 hours and 35 minutes) or 1947 hours p.a. (shift length 8 hours)
- 2 days on duty followed by 2 days off duty - 2190 hours p.a.

A part-time employee may work within the rosters described above.
6.7 Where the employer clearly identifies that alterations in staff hours are required the hours of work may be varied by agreement between the employees affected, NZNO and the employer. Such agreement shall be put in writing and signed.

6.8 Off-duty Periods

(i) Every employee shall have two periods of at least 24 hours off duty each week, and except in the case of emergencies or by agreement, these shall be consecutive. When an employee finishes their last night shift, the off-duty period commences after the minimum break between shifts. Note: These off-duty periods may fall separately no more than once every four weeks at the request of the employee or to facilitate rostering.

(ii) Except in an emergency, no employee shall work more than seven consecutive 8-hour duties.

6.9 Minimum break between spells of duty:

(i) A break of at least twelve continuous hours must be provided wherever possible between any two periods of duty of a full shift or more. Note: if the employee requests a lesser break the overtime payments will not apply.

(ii) Periods of a full shift or more include:

- Periods of normal rostered work; or
- Periods of overtime that is continuous with a period of normal rostered work; or
- Full shifts of overtime/call back duty.

This requirement to provide a break wherever possible applies whether or not any penalty payment will apply under the provisions of this clause.

If a break of at least nine continuous hours cannot be provided between periods of a full shift, the shift is to be regarded as continuous until a break of at least nine continuous hours is taken, and it shall be paid at overtime rates, with proper regard to the time at which it occurs and the amount of overtime which precedes it.

If a call back of less than a full shift is worked between two periods of duty of a full shift or more, a break of nine continuous hours must be provided, either before or after the call-back. If such a break has been provided before the call-back it does not have to be provided afterwards as well.

(iii) Except, for those employees who are called back between 2300 and 0500 hours, the break must be provided afterwards unless otherwise agreed between the employer and the employee.

(iv) Time spent off duty during ordinary working hours solely to obtain a nine-hour break shall be paid at ordinary time rates. Any absence after the ninth continuous hour (or fourth continuous hour where applicable) of such a break, if it occurs in ordinary time, shall be treated as a normal absence from duty.
The penalty payment provisions of this clause will not apply in any case where the result would be to give an employee a lesser payment that would otherwise have been received.

6.10 Notwithstanding the foregoing conditions staff may be permitted to change shifts one with another by mutual arrangement and with the prior approval of the manager. Overtime or other penalty provisions shall not apply in these instances.

6.11 Where the employer requires employees to attend classes of instruction or examinations as part of their education the time so occupied shall be deemed to form part of their hours of work.

6.12 As a general principle, when additional shifts are required, preference will be given in the first instance to part-time employees.

6.13 Employees will not be required to change between day and night duties more than once in any 80-hour fortnight.

6.14 Those employees who work a night shift which straddles a public holiday, shall be paid at public holiday rates for those hours which occur on the public holiday and the applicable rates for the remainder of the shift. One alternative holiday shall apply in respect of each public holiday or part thereof worked.

6.15 Wherever possible an employee changing duties on consecutive days shall be rostered off for a minimum of 12 consecutive hours.

6.16 During pregnancy, an employee may request a change to their work pattern. This may be supported by advice from a health professional. If the advice recommends a change to their work pattern, shifts worked or number of hours, arrangements are to be agreed between the line manager and employee.

6.17 To support transitioning to retirement an employee may request a change to their work pattern. This may be supported by advice from a health professional. If the advice recommends a change to their work pattern, shifts worked or number of hours, arrangements are to be agreed between the line manager and employee.

6.18 Duties, once commenced, shall be continuous unless otherwise agreed between the employer, the union and the employee.

6.19 Prior to this agreement where rostering practices are in existence that cover all employees or a specific identifiable sub-group of employees and those practices are more favourable than the provisions of Clause 6, they shall continue to apply and are not rendered null and void by this agreement.

6.20 Changing Time

Where an employee is required by the employer to wear a particular uniform on duty and is not permitted to wear that uniform other than within the precincts of the hospital, the employee shall be allowed a period of six minutes, both at the commencement and cessation of each duty, as changing time.
6.21 Additional Provisions for Employees working Alternative Rosters

In specific instances, i.e. shifts of longer or variable lengths, the ordinary hours for a full time employee are able to be averaged over a roster cycle of greater than one fortnight e.g.: an employee who works 12 hour shifts may work 120 hours over a 3 week roster and be considered to be fulltime. No employee shall be required to work more than a 12-hour rostered shift.

Alternative hours of work may be implemented by agreement between the employer, the employees directly affected and the NZNO. Such agreement shall be in writing and signed by the representatives of the parties.

It is recognised that some areas may continue to utilise the standard eight-hour roster alongside the 10/12 hours rosters. An employee who elects to opt out of working 10/12-hour rosters shall give a minimum of four weeks’ notice. Employees who accept a new position which requires the individual to work a 10 hour shift are not eligible to opt out without the consent of the employer.

10- and 12-hour shifts are not recommended as a standard rostering pattern and shall occur only where clear clinical / service rationale supports this practice. Such shift patterns shall not compromise those employees who elect to work an eight-hour roster.

If a party to this Agreement wishes, for health and safety reasons, to change the above roster patterns, they shall engage in a process of consultation consistent with Clause 25 in order to do so. Any 10- and 12-hour shifts shall be subject to (a) above.

a) Every employee shall have at least 2 consecutive 24 hour periods off duty each week.

No employee working 10 hours per rostered shift shall work more than five consecutive duties. Where five consecutive 10 hour duties are worked the employee must then have a minimum of 3 consecutive 24 hour periods off duty.

No employee working 12 hours per rostered shift shall work more than 4 consecutive duties. Where 4 consecutive 12 hour duties are worked, by agreement with the employee, then the employee must then have a minimum of 4 consecutive 24 hour periods off duty. It is recognised that 3 consecutive 12 hours shifts is the preferred maximum. Where 3 consecutive 12 hour shifts are worked the employee must have a minimum of 3 consecutive periods 24 hours off duty.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, these off duty periods may fall separately no more than once every four weeks at the request of the employee or to facilitate rostering.

b) Meal Breaks and rest periods shall be observed in accordance with clause 7.0. In addition, an employee who works a 12 hour shift shall be allowed two meal breaks, one paid and one unpaid, each of not less than half an hour. The second meal break is to be taken after having worked eight hours of the shift. Such meal breaks shall be arranged so as to be spaced as near as possible at equal intervals.
c) Minimum breaks between duties: No 12-hour roster shall contain breaks between duties of less than eleven consecutive hours. No 10-hour roster shall contain breaks between duties of less than nine consecutive hours. If the actual breaks are not achieved, then the payment provisions of the overtime clause 8.2.2 shall apply. Note: if the employee requests a lesser break the overtime payments will not apply.

d) Overtime - the following payments shall apply:
   (i) Ten-hour shifts: T1.5 after 10 hours for the 11th hour, then T2 for all hours worked thereafter;
   (ii) Twelve-hour shifts: T2 for all hours worked in excess of a rostered 12 hour shift;
   (iii) For those fulltime employees working 12-hour shifts, overtime shall apply after 120 hours averaged over 3 weeks at the rate specified in 8.2.2 (c);
   (iv) For all other employees working alternative hours of work, overtime shall apply after 80 hours per two-week period (Clause 8.2.2 shall apply).

e) Annual Leave / Sick Leave: each day of annual leave or sick leave shall be calculated and paid according to the number of hours rostered to work on the day of such leave.

   Every employee who completes one year on alternative hours of work as above shall receive one week shift leave in place of the provisions set out in clause 13.2.

7.0 Meal Breaks and Rest Periods

7.1 Except when required for urgent or emergency work and except as provided in 7.2 below, no employee shall be required to work for more than five hours continuously without being entitled to a meal break of not less than half an hour. There will be only one meal break of not less than half an hour during a 10 hour shift.

7.2 An employee unable to be relieved from the workplace for a meal break (as defined in 7.1) shall be entitled to have a meal while on duty and this period shall be regarded as working time paid at the appropriate rate (the rate payable at that time).

7.3 Except where provided for in 7.2 above an employee unable to take a meal after five hours shall, from the expiry of five hours until the time when a meal can be taken, be paid T0.5 in addition to the hourly rate that would otherwise be payable.

7.4 Rest breaks of 10 minutes each for morning tea, afternoon tea or supper, and the equivalent breaks for night duty where these occur during duty, shall be recognised as time worked.

7.5 During the meal break or rest breaks prescribed above, free tea, coffee, milk and sugar shall be supplied by the employer. Where it is impractical to supply tea, coffee, milk and sugar free of charge, an allowance of $1.46 per week in lieu shall be paid. This allowance shall continue during all periods of leave except leave without pay.
8.0 Salaries

8.0.1 Registered Nurses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Registered Nurses</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>PE Rates from 7 March 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 8 on previous Community nurse scale</td>
<td>$88,757</td>
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<td>$103,630</td>
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<td>Step 7 community nurse</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Step 7 registered nurse</td>
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<td>Step 6 community nurse</td>
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<td>Step 6</td>
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<td>Step 1 (New Graduate)</td>
<td>$59,834</td>
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<td>$73,566</td>
<td>$75,773</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Progression: By annual increment at anniversary date steps 1 to 5 inclusive. Thereafter progression is annual at anniversary date, subject to satisfactory performance which will be assumed to be the case unless the employee is otherwise advised (*).

8.0.2 Enrolled, Obstetric, Karitane and Assistant Nurses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enrolled, Obstetric, Karitane Nurses and Nurse Assistants</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay Equity Rates from 7 March 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 5 (new)</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>$76,921</td>
<td>$80,921</td>
<td>$83,349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step</td>
<td>MECA rates - September 2021</td>
<td>Pay Equity Rates from 7 March 2022</td>
<td>1-Apr-23</td>
<td>1-Apr-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>$62,847</td>
<td>$74,509</td>
<td>$ 78,509</td>
<td>$ 80,864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>$61,185</td>
<td>$72,095</td>
<td>$ 76,095</td>
<td>$ 78,378</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>$57,133</td>
<td>$66,859</td>
<td>$ 70,859</td>
<td>$ 72,985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 1</td>
<td>$54,432</td>
<td>$63,898</td>
<td>$ 67,898</td>
<td>$ 69,934</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Progression: By annual increment at anniversary date steps 1-5 inclusive.

**8.0.3 Health Care Assistants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Care Assistants and Hospital Aides</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay Equity Rates from 7 March 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 5</td>
<td>$53,803</td>
<td>$64,309</td>
<td>$ 68,309</td>
<td>$ 70,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>$52,405</td>
<td>$62,437</td>
<td>$ 66,437</td>
<td>$ 68,437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>$51,579</td>
<td>$61,330</td>
<td>$ 65,330</td>
<td>$ 67,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>$48,710</td>
<td>$57,486</td>
<td>$ 61,486</td>
<td>$ 63,486</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 1</td>
<td>$46,182</td>
<td>$54,100</td>
<td>$ 58,100</td>
<td>$ 60,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Progression: By annual increment at anniversary date steps 1-5 inclusive.

**8.0.4 Mental Health Assistants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mental Health Assistants</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay Equity Rates from 7 March 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 5</td>
<td>$60,610</td>
<td>$68,274</td>
<td>$ 72,274</td>
<td>$ 74,442</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>$59,014</td>
<td>$66,285</td>
<td>$ 70,285</td>
<td>$ 72,394</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>$55,705</td>
<td>$62,164</td>
<td>$ 66,164</td>
<td>$ 68,164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>$51,921</td>
<td>$57,450</td>
<td>$ 61,450</td>
<td>$ 63,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 1</td>
<td>$48,368</td>
<td>$53,024</td>
<td>$ 57,024</td>
<td>$ 59,024</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Progression: By annual increment at anniversary date steps 1-5 inclusive.

In recognition of the importance of ongoing development for Health Care Assistants/Hospital Aides & Mental Health Assistants an employee who achieves merit criteria will receive an...
allowance as long as s/he maintains those criteria. This allowance shall be added to the base rate of pay and be payable on all hours worked and shall attract penal rates and overtime.

The rates of allowances are as follows:

| Merit 1 | $1,000 p.a. |
| Merit 2 | $2,000 p.a. |

### 8.0.5 Senior Designated Nurses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Designated Senior Nurse Salary Scales</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay Equity Rates from 7 March 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1 (Formerly grade 3)</td>
<td>$92,687</td>
<td>$105,704</td>
<td>$110,704</td>
<td>$114,025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$96,030</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$102,178</td>
<td>$112,907</td>
<td>$117,907</td>
<td>$121,444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 2 (Formerly grade 4)</td>
<td>$97,699</td>
<td>$107,660</td>
<td>$112,660</td>
<td>$116,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$101,041</td>
<td>$111,575</td>
<td>$116,575</td>
<td>$120,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$107,341</td>
<td>$118,955</td>
<td>$123,955</td>
<td>$127,674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 3 (Formerly grade 5)</td>
<td>$102,710</td>
<td>$113,530</td>
<td>$118,530</td>
<td>$122,086</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$106,056</td>
<td>$117,450</td>
<td>$122,450</td>
<td>$126,124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$112,503</td>
<td>$125,002</td>
<td>$130,002</td>
<td>$133,902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 4 (Formerly grade 6)</td>
<td>$106,056</td>
<td>$117,450</td>
<td>$122,450</td>
<td>$126,124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$109,396</td>
<td>$121,363</td>
<td>$126,363</td>
<td>$130,154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$115,946</td>
<td>$129,036</td>
<td>$134,036</td>
<td>$138,057</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Grade 5 (Formerly grade 7)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>May 21</th>
<th>June 22</th>
<th>July 23</th>
<th>Aug 24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$109,396</td>
<td>$121,363</td>
<td>$126,363</td>
<td>$130,154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$112,738</td>
<td>$125,278</td>
<td>$130,278</td>
<td>$134,186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$118,189</td>
<td>$131,664</td>
<td>$136,664</td>
<td>$140,764</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Grade 6 (Formerly grade 8)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>May 21</th>
<th>June 22</th>
<th>July 23</th>
<th>Aug 24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$114,916</td>
<td>$127,830</td>
<td>$132,830</td>
<td>$136,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$120,826</td>
<td>$134,753</td>
<td>$139,753</td>
<td>$143,946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$126,738</td>
<td>$141,679</td>
<td>$146,679</td>
<td>$151,079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$136,453</td>
<td>$153,060</td>
<td>$158,060</td>
<td>$162,802</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Progression:** Movement through steps in each Designated Senior Nurse grade shall, subject to satisfactory performance (see 8.1(f) below), be annual on the anniversary date of appointment to the designated senior position. Movement between Designated Senior Grades shall be on the basis of appointment to a higher graded position.

#### 8.0.6 Nurse Practitioners

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nurse Practitioners</th>
<th>MECA Rates September 2021</th>
<th>Pay Equity Rates from 7 March 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 6</td>
<td>$114,916</td>
<td>$127,830</td>
<td>$132,830</td>
<td>$136,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Formerly grade 8)</td>
<td>$120,826</td>
<td>$134,753</td>
<td>$139,753</td>
<td>$143,946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$126,738</td>
<td>$141,679</td>
<td>$146,679</td>
<td>$151,079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$136,453</td>
<td>$153,060</td>
<td>$158,060</td>
<td>$162,802</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Progression:** Movement through each step in the Nurse Practitioner scale shall, subject to satisfactory performance (see 8.1(f) below), be annual on the anniversary date of appointment to the Nurse Practitioner position.
### 8.0.7 Registered Midwives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Registered Midwives</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay equity settlement rates from 4 April 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1/04/2024</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 7</td>
<td>$83,186</td>
<td>$100,862</td>
<td>$104,862</td>
<td>$108,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 6</td>
<td>$80,932</td>
<td>$97,958</td>
<td>$101,958</td>
<td>$105,017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 5</td>
<td>$78,745</td>
<td>$95,074</td>
<td>$99,074</td>
<td>$102,046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>$71,452</td>
<td>$85,568</td>
<td>$89,568</td>
<td>$92,255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>$67,938</td>
<td>$80,988</td>
<td>$84,988</td>
<td>$87,538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>$64,291</td>
<td>$76,235</td>
<td>$80,235</td>
<td>$82,642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 1 (New Graduate)</td>
<td>$59,834</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Progression: By annual increment at anniversary date steps 1 to 5 inclusive. Thereafter progression is annual at anniversary date, subject to satisfactory performance which will be assumed to be the case unless the employee is otherwise advised (*).

### 8.0.8 Community Midwives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Midwives</th>
<th>MECA rates – September 2021</th>
<th>Pay equity settlement rates from 4 April 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 8</td>
<td>$88,757</td>
<td>$108,345</td>
<td>$112,345</td>
<td>$115,715</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 7</td>
<td>$84,793</td>
<td>$103,229</td>
<td>$107,229</td>
<td>$110,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 6</td>
<td>$83,243</td>
<td>$100,707</td>
<td>$104,707</td>
<td>$107,848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 5</td>
<td>$78,745</td>
<td>$96,328</td>
<td>$100,328</td>
<td>$103,338</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>$71,452</td>
<td>$86,696</td>
<td>$90,696</td>
<td>$93,417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>$67,938</td>
<td>$82,056</td>
<td>$86,056</td>
<td>$88,638</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>$64,291</td>
<td>$77,240</td>
<td>$81,240</td>
<td>$83,677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 1</td>
<td>$59,834</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Progression: By annual increment at anniversary date steps 1 to 5 inclusive. Thereafter progression is annual at anniversary date, subject to satisfactory performance which will be assumed to be the case unless the employee is otherwise advised (*).

### 8.0.9 Senior Designated Midwives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Senior Midwives</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay equity settlement rates from 4 April 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 2</td>
<td>$85,560</td>
<td>Removed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 3</td>
<td>$92,687</td>
<td>Removed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 4</td>
<td>$97,699</td>
<td>$108,785</td>
<td>$113,785</td>
<td>$117,199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 5</td>
<td>$102,710</td>
<td>$114,718</td>
<td>$119,718</td>
<td>$123,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 6</td>
<td>$106,056</td>
<td>$119,676</td>
<td>$124,676</td>
<td>$128,416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 7</td>
<td>$109,396</td>
<td>$123,541</td>
<td>$128,541</td>
<td>$132,397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 8</td>
<td>$114,916</td>
<td>$127,830</td>
<td>$132,830</td>
<td>$136,815</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* (*)
Progression: Movement through steps in each Senior Midwife grade shall, subject to satisfactory performance (see 8.1(f) below), be annual on the anniversary date of appointment to the designated senior position. Movement between Designated Senior Grades shall be on the basis of appointment to a higher graded position.

8.0.10 Caseload Midwives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Caseload Midwives</th>
<th>MECA rates - September 2021</th>
<th>Pay equity settlement rates from 4 April 2022</th>
<th>1-Apr-23</th>
<th>1-Apr-24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 1</td>
<td>$103,379</td>
<td>$123,052</td>
<td>$127,052</td>
<td>$130,864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 2</td>
<td>$125,069</td>
<td>$129,069</td>
<td>$132,941</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.1 Operation of Salary Scales

(a) The salary scales above shall be applied to the respective groups of employees.

(b) On appointment, the employer shall place employees on any step of the relevant scale (including steps 6 & 7 of the Registered Nurses and Registered Midwives salary scales – see sub-clause 8.0.1 and 8.0.3) taking into account the following factors:
   (i) previous nursing/midwifery experience or other relevant work and life experience - the employer may credit this service;
   (ii) degree of difficulty in recruiting for specific skills and/or experience required for the position

(c) An employee who transfers between District and has continuous service pursuant to the service definition in clause 5.0 and who has been appointed to the same salary step and salary grade shall:
   (i) retain the same salary increment date, if the break in service is less than three months; or
   (ii) where the break in service is between three and twelve months their salary scale annual increment anniversary date will be adjusted to such later date as calculated by the equivalent number of days comprising the break provided the employee remains actively engaged on nursing or midwifery related work or study during the break.
(d) For new appointees to designated senior nurse or midwife positions, placement on the scale will be based on job size, job content, responsibility, experience and qualifications.

(e) A nurse or midwife previously employed on the Enrolled Nurse scale shall be appointed to a salary step no lower than their Enrolled Nurse salary of the registered Nurse or Midwife scale when they qualify as a Registered Nurse or Midwife.

(f) Movement through the salary scales shall be by automatic annual increment, except for senior nurses or midwives whose advancement through the steps in their salary grade shall be annual, subject to satisfactory performance which will be assumed to be the case unless the employee is otherwise advised. Movement across senior salary grades shall only occur with a change in position.

(g) Where a casual employee has obtained and continues to maintain their competency as per Nursing/Midwifery Council requirements, they will be able to move through the pay scale in this agreement on the anniversary date of commencement of employment, subject to maintenance of continuous service as defined in clause 5. Such progression is subject to satisfactory performance, which will be assumed to be the case unless the employee is otherwise advised. Casual employees shall have access to the provision of PDRP/QLP/Merit allowances.

Employees on fulltime study leave or parental leave, with or without pay, shall continue to receive annual increments to which they would otherwise be entitled.

8.2 Overtime and Penal Time

8.2.1 Eligibility restricted for senior nurses or midwives

This clause 8.2 shall apply to all employees except that for Senior Nurses and Senior Midwives, overtime and penal rates will only apply as outlined in 8.2.1 (a) and (b) below:

(a) Penal - Payment of weekend and night ‘penal’ rates shall be payable where Senior Nurses/Midwives are required to work shifts and rosters or have approval to work weekends or nights on a regular basis in order to fulfil the requirements of the Job Description.

(b) Overtime shall be payable to senior nurses or midwives only in the following circumstances:

Where the appropriate manager is satisfied that the additional time worked is necessary because of an emergency or other special circumstances; and

(ii) Where the salary does not already incorporate a payment for overtime/penal time hours.
Equivalent time off for work performed outside normal hours may be granted in lieu of overtime by agreement between the employee and the manager concerned.

8.2.2 Overtime

(a) Ordinary hourly rate of pay – The ordinary hourly rate shall be one, two thousand and eighty-sixth part (1/2086), correct to two decimal places of a dollar, of the yearly rate of salary payable.

(b) Overtime is time worked in excess of:
   (i) eight hours per day or the rostered duty whichever is greater or
   (ii) 80 hours per two-week period

Provided that such work has been authorised in advance. This clause shall not apply to employee working alternative hours of work and the overtime provision in Clause 6.21 (h) shall apply.

(c) Overtime worked on any day (other than a public holiday) from midnight Sunday/Monday to midnight on the following Friday shall be paid at one and one half times the ordinary hourly rate of pay (T1.5) for the first three hours and at double the ordinary hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter.

(d) Overtime worked from 2200 until the completion of a rostered night duty Sunday to Friday, or from midnight Friday to midnight Sunday/Monday, or on a public holiday shall be calculated at double the ordinary rate (T2).

(e) No employee shall be required to work for more than 12 consecutive hours where their normal shift is of 8 or 10 hours duration.

8.2.3 Penal Rates

(a) Weekend rate - applies to ordinary time (other than overtime) worked after midnight Friday/Saturday until midnight Sunday/Monday shall be paid at time one half (T0.5) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay.

(b) Public Holiday rate – applies to those hours which are worked on the public holiday. This shall be paid at time one (T1) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay. (See clause 12.4-12.8 for further clarification.)

(c) Night rate – applies to ordinary hours of duty (other than overtime) that fall between 2000hrs and until the completion of a rostered night duty from midnight Sunday/Monday to midnight Friday/Saturday and shall be paid at quarter time (T0.25) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay.

(d) Overtime and weekend/public holiday or night rates shall not be paid in respect of the same hours, the higher rate will apply.
9.0 Call Backs

9.1 Call-back occurs when the employee:

(i) is called back to work after completing the day’s work or duty, and having left the place of employment; or

is called back before the normal time of starting work and does not continue working until such normal starting time;

Call-back is to be paid at the appropriate overtime rate (clauses 8.2.2 (c) and (d)) for a minimum of three hours, or for actual working and travelling time, whichever is the greater, except that call-backs commencing and finishing within the minimum period covered by an earlier call-back shall not be paid for. Where a call-back commences before and continues beyond the end of a minimum period for a previous call-back, payment shall be made as if the employee had worked continuously from the beginning of the previous call-back, to the end of the later call-back.

9.2 Transport: Where an employee who does not reside in employer accommodation is called back to work outside the employee’s normal hours of duty in respect of work which could not be foreseen or prearranged, the Employer shall either:

(i) provide the employee with transport from the employee’s place of residence to the institution where the employee is employed and to the place of residence from the institution; or

(ii) reimburse the employee the actual and reasonable travelling expenses incurred in travelling from the employee’s place of residence to the institution or from the institution to the employee’s place of residence, or both travelling to and from the institution.

9.3 Where an employee is “on call” the allowance set out in clause 10 below will be paid.

10.0 Allowances

10.1 On Call

10.11 In the interests of healthy rostering practices, the parties agree that the allocation of on-call time should be spread as evenly as practicable amongst those required to participate in an on-call roster.

10.12 With effect from 4 June 2018 an employee who is instructed to be on call during normal off duty hours, shall be paid an on call allowance of $8.00 per hour except on Public Holidays when the rate shall be $10.00.

10.1.3 The on call allowance is payable for all hours the employee is rostered on call including time covering an actual call out.
10.1.4 Unless by mutual agreement or in emergencies, no employee shall be required to remain on call for more than 40% of the employee’s off-duty time in any three-weekly period.

10.1.5 In services where the employer’s operational requirements and staffing levels permit, employees working seven day rosters should not be rostered on call on their rostered days off.

10.1.6 An employee who is required to be on call and report on duty within 20 minutes shall have access to an appropriate locator or a cell phone.

10.2 Higher Duties

10.2.1 A higher duties allowance shall be paid to an employee who, at the request of the employer is substantially performing the duties and carrying the responsibilities of a position or grade higher than the employee’s own.

10.2.2 Except as provided for under clause 10.2.3, the higher duties allowance payable shall be $3.00 per hour provided a minimum of 8 consecutive hours of qualifying service is worked per day or shift.

10.2.3 Where an employee performs the duties of the higher position for more than five consecutive days (or, for example, three consecutive days when 12 hour shifts are worked, or four consecutive days when working 10 hour shifts), the allowance payable shall be the difference between the current salary of the employee acting in the higher position, and the minimum salary the employee would receive if appointed to that position.

10.3 Shift Coordination Allowance

10.3.1 From 14 August 2023 an allowance of $24 per shift will be payable to a registered nurse or registered midwife where:

(i) They are assigned to a shift coordinator role for their ward/department/ or team for the duration of the shift (excluding breaks). With that shift being a period of at least eight hours.

(ii) They are not in a designated senior nurse / midwife position or receiving a higher duties or other allowance for the shift.

(iii) The shift coordinator duties include (but may not be limited to):

(a) Organising resourcing for the current and subsequent shifts

(b) Ensuring safe staffing information is collected and inputted appropriately.

(c) Supervision of staff.

(d) Overall responsibility for patient flow and coordination for the ward/department.

(e) Liaising with other wards and departments and duty management teams.
10.3.2 The allowance in 10.3.1 will not be paid where a designated senior nurse is already carrying-out the role and functions of shift coordination.

10.3.3 For clarity, the allowance in 10.3.1 may not be applicable for every ward/department/service and may not be applicable for every shift.

10.4 Duly Authorised Officers

10.3.1 Duly Authorised Officers Allowance

Duly Authorised Officer means an employee appointed by the Director of Area Mental Health Services to undertake Duly Authorised Officer role and function as defined in the Mental Health (Compulsory Assessment and Treatment) Act 1992.

Employees who are designated by the employer as Duly Authorised Officers shall receive an annual allowance (pro-rata for part time staff) payable fortnightly on the following basis:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Per Annum Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hutt Valley</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wairarapa</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Midcentral</td>
<td>$2,500 (See side letter for Mental Health Emergency Team DAO payments)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taranaki</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawkes’ Bay</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bay of Plenty</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northland</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lakes</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waikato</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tairawhiti</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whanganui</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern</td>
<td>$3,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Canterbury</td>
<td>$3,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canterbury</td>
<td>$3,000 &amp; $500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital &amp; Coast</td>
<td>$5,177</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The DAO allowance for Capital and Coast District’s Crisis Team will be $5,177 per annum until the standard DAO payments exceed this. This amount is an entitlement to those employees who are on a base salary plus benefits.

This allowance will be paid pro rata for part-time employees.

10.5 Authorised Officers Allowance
10.4.1 Authorised Officer means an employee appointed to undertake the Authorised Officer role and function as defined in section 91 of the Substance Addiction (Compulsory Assessment and Treatment) Act 2017.

10.4.2 Employees who are designated as Authorised Officers shall receive a $2,500 annual allowance payable fortnightly. The allowance will be paid pro rata for part time staff. Those employees already in receipt of a higher allowance as at 6 September 2021 will be entitled to continue to receive the higher allowance.

10.6 Telephone On-Call

10.5.1 Where an employee is rostered on an on-call roster and receives a work-related telephone call where the issue of patient care can be resolved over the telephone, and that does not result in a call back, they shall be entitled to payment of $10.00 per call (regardless of the duration of the telephone call).

10.5.2 In order to be eligible for payment, each call must be logged and include a file/case note recording relevant details and advice.

10.5.3 An employee who responds to a call back by the way of telephone (as per 10.5.1 above) and who is subsequently required to return to work in relation to the same matter shall be paid in accordance with clause 9.1 and shall not receive payment under clause 10.5.1 as well.

For clarity a telephone call does not interrupt minimum break between spells of duty and does not constitute “work” for the purposes of determining whether an employee’s observance of a Public Holiday is transferred.

NOTE: Where Districts already have a superior payment for Telephone On-Call (greater than $10 per call) this arrangement will remain in place.

10.7 Meal Allowance

A shift worker who works a qualifying shift of eight hours or the rostered shift, whichever is the greater, and who is required to work more than one hour beyond the end of the shift (excluding any break for a meal) shall be paid a meal allowance of $7.95, or, at the option of the employer, be provided with a meal.

10.8 Caseload Midwives

10.8.1 Standard hours

Hours of work for caseload midwives should not exceed 160 hours in any 4 week period or exceed 100 hours in any 2 week period.
The caseload team is to organize their roster to allow midwives four periods of 24 hours off in every 2 week period with cover provided by an appropriate team member.

These hours are not to be taken as 4 single days off unless this arrangement is self-rostered by the midwife concerned and agreed to by the employer.

Midwives may elect to be on call for births during their time off.

Caseload midwives will not be required to work more than 12 hours but may choose to do so at their discretion having regard for professional and/or clinical safety.

The employer would not expect midwives to work more than 16 consecutive hours or 24 hours intermittently without having an 8 hour break.

There are no standard hours of work. Caseload midwives are expected to organize their working hours to ensure provision of a continuous 24 hour midwifery service within the above limits on standard hours.
Note: Overtime payments do not apply, see clause 8.0.1.

Midwives will not be required nor will they elect to practice continually for any length of time that they consider professionally and/or clinically unsafe. The determination of professional and/or clinical safety will be determined by the midwives affected and the employer.

10.8.2 Caseload requirements

In order for optimum midwifery care to be maintained, a midwife offering full midwifery care must ensure realistic caseload levels. The NZCOM recommends a guideline of 40-50 women per year if the midwife is the Lead Maternity Carer.

The number of cases per FTE per year that constitute a full-time caseload will be agreed between the caseload midwives and the employer locally (at each District), having consideration for:
- the guidelines established by the New Zealand College of Midwives (NZCOM); and
- the setting within which the midwife is practising (i.e. rural or urban); and
- the extent to which the District requires the caseload midwife to assist in providing midwifery care in the unit.

10.8.3 Transport and Mileage
(a) While travelling on employer business, the employee will be reimbursed for costs on an actual and reasonable basis on presentation of receipts.

(b) The employer may provide a work-related vehicle for the purposes of business travel, and any reimbursement of mileage is for the use of the employee’s private motor vehicle for employer business purposes.

(c) Employees who are asked to use their motor vehicles for the employer actual and reasonable business the employee shall be reimbursed in accordance with the IRD mileage rates as promulgated from time to time. Any change to this rate shall be effective from the first pay period following the date of promulgation by the IRD.

(d) The employee and the employer may agree to additional reimbursing payments on the basis that motor vehicle running costs not captured by the IRD mileage rates are reimbursed. For example AA membership, higher motor vehicle insurance premiums.

(e) Where payments agreed in (d) above are made the employee and the employer will consider any private nature apportionment if required.

10.8.4 Shift Leave

Caseload midwives shall qualify for the full entitlement of shift leave (5 days) specified in clause 13.2 of the CA.

10.8.5 District Specific Provisions (grand-parented)

ALL Districts
The following provisions shall apply to employees who were employed prior to the effective date of this agreement:

Any caseload midwife employed prior to the commencement of this agreement shall retain allowances and reimbursements bestowed by a previous variation and payable on the day prior to ratification of this document. Although best endeavours have been made to capture these below, the content may not be complete. Those employees that were entitled to annual leave above the standard clause (13) shall retain their entitlement. Telephone reimbursement payable on the day prior to ratification of this document shall continue.

Canterbury District Professional Fees
Caseload midwives shall be reimbursed for professional fees incurred by belonging to the New Zealand College of Midwives, and indemnity insurance cover from the NZNO up to a maximum of $555.

Waikato District Professional Fees
The employer may reimburse the employee up to $100 per annum (on presentation of official receipts) as a contribution towards the cost of one (1) membership of a professional association that is directly relevant to the employee’s duties.

Provided that where the employee works for another organization, or in private practice, the employer will only be required to pay the amount on a pro-rata basis.

Notwithstanding the above provisions where the employer requires the employee to be a member of a relevant professional association as a requirement of their position, e.g. to meet the requirements of a funding contract, the employee may be reimbursed up to the full membership cost subject to the presentation of official receipts.

10.9 Neonatal Nurse Specialists (or similar)

For these employees that were previously known as neonatal nurse specialists (or similar), and who are now known as Clinical Nurse Specialists, the following provisions shall continue to apply.

Any neonatal nurse specialists employed prior to the commencement of this agreement shall retain professional development leave and associated allowances that exceed those payable under clause 28.1 in accordance with 28.2 of this CA.

This group are subject to single District variations which shall continue unless agreed otherwise. These primarily cover hours of work though other terms and conditions may be covered.

11.0 Reimbursing Payments

11.1 Annual Practising Certificate

Where a nurse or midwife is required by law to hold an annual practising certificate, the cost of the certificate shall be met by the employer provided that:

(a) It must be a statutory requirement that a current certificate be held for the performance of duties.

(b) The employee must be engaged in duties for which the holding of a certificate is a requirement.

(c) Any payment will be offset to the extent that the employee has received a reimbursement from another employer.
Where a Nurse/Midwife holds dual annual practising certificates, the cost of both certificates shall be met by the employer. The employer has no liability in respect of the maintenance of the annual practising certificate that is not the primary position of the employee.

11.2 Travelling Expenses and Incidentals

(a) When travelling on employer business, the employee will be reimbursed for costs on an actual and reasonable basis on presentation of receipts.

(b) Employees who are requested to use their motor vehicles on employer business shall be reimbursed in accordance with the IRD mileage rates as promulgated from time to time. Any change to this rate shall be effective from the first pay period following the date of promulgation by the IRD.

11.3 General:

In circumstances not addressed by this clause, any expenses incurred on behalf of the employer shall be reimbursed in accordance with individual District policies.

12.0 Public Holidays

12.1 The following days shall be observed as public holidays:
   - New Year's Day
   - 2 January
   - Waitangi Day
   - Good Friday
   - Easter Monday
   - ANZAC Day
   - Matariki
   - Sovereign's Birthday
   - Labour Day
   - Christmas Day
   - Boxing Day
   - Anniversary Day (as observed in the locality concerned)

12.2 The following shall apply to the observance of Waitangi Day, Anzac Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day or 2 January, where such a day falls on either a Saturday or a Sunday:

(a) Where an employee is required to work that Saturday or Sunday the holiday shall, for that employee, be observed on that Saturday or Sunday and transfer of the observance will not occur. For the purposes of this clause an employee is deemed to have been
required to work if they were rostered on duty or on-call and actually called in to work. They are not deemed to have been required to work if they were on-call but not called back to work.

(b) If an employee is rostered on duty (i.e. does not apply to on-call work) on that Saturday or Sunday but does not work, they will be paid relevant daily pay for the day, and transfer of the observance will not occur.

NOTE: When the public holiday for the employee is observed on the Saturday or Sunday, the weekday is treated as a normal working day for that employee, subject only to the possible payment of weekend rates in accordance with clause 12.5 below.

(c) Where an employee is not required to work that Saturday or Sunday, observance of the holiday shall be transferred to the following Monday and/or Tuesday in accordance with the provisions of Sections 45 (1) (b) and (d) of the Holidays Act 2003. For the purposes of this clause an employee is deemed NOT to have been required to work if they were NOT rostered on duty, or on-call, or were on-call but not called back to work.

12.3 In order to maintain essential services, the employer may require an employee to work on a public holiday when the public holiday falls on a day which, but for it being a public holiday, would otherwise be a working day for the employee.

12.4 When an employee works on a public holiday which would otherwise be a working day for the employee, they will be paid at time one (T1) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay, for each hour worked (as per Clause 8.2.3(b) and 8.2.3(d)) and they shall be granted an alternative holiday. Such alternative holiday shall be taken and paid as specified in the Holidays Act 2003.

12.5 Should Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year’s Day or 2 January fall on a Saturday or Sunday, and an employee is required to work (including being on call and called out) on both the public holiday and the week day to which the observance would otherwise be transferred, the employee will be paid in accordance with clause 12.4 for time worked on the public holiday and then at weekend rates for the time worked on the corresponding weekday. Only one alternative holiday will be granted in respect of each public holiday.

12.6 Should Waitangi Day or Anzac Day fall on a Saturday or Sunday, and an employee is required to work (including being on call and called out) on both the public holiday and the week day to which the observance would otherwise be transferred, the employee will be paid in accordance with clause 12.4 for time worked on the public holiday and then at ordinary rates for the time worked on the Monday. Only one alternative holiday will be granted in respect of each public holiday.

12.7 An employee who is on call on a public holiday but is not called in to work, shall be granted an alternative holiday, except where the public holiday falls
on a Saturday or Sunday and its observance is transferred to a Monday or Tuesday which the employee is required to work, in which case an alternative holiday shall be granted in respect to the transferred day only and taken and paid as specified in the Holidays Act 2003.

12.8 Those employees who work a night shift which straddles a public holiday shall be paid at public holiday rates for those hours which occur on the public holiday and the applicable rates for the remainder of the shift. One alternative holiday shall apply in respect of each public holiday or part thereof worked.

12.9 Off duty day upon which the employee does not work:

(a) Fulltime employees –
Where a public holiday, and the weekday to which the observance of a public holiday is transferred where applicable, are both rostered days off for an employee, they will be granted one alternative holiday in respect of the public holiday.

(b) Part-time employees –
Where a part-time employee’s days of work are fixed, the employee shall only be entitled to public holiday provisions if the day would otherwise be a working day for that employee.

Where a part-time employee’s days are not fixed, the employee shall be entitled to public holiday provisions if they worked on the day of the week that the public holiday falls more than 40% of the time over the last three months. Payment will be relevant daily pay.

12.10 Public holidays falling during leave:

(a) Leave on pay
When a public holiday falls during a period of annual leave, sick leave on pay or special leave on pay, an employee is entitled to that holiday which is not debited against such leave.

(b) Leave without pay
An employee shall not be entitled to payment for a public holiday falling during a period of leave without pay (including sick or military leave without pay) unless the employee has worked during the fortnight ending on the day on which the holiday is observed. Payment shall be in accordance with the Holidays Act

(c) Leave on reduced pay
An employee, during a period on reduced pay, shall be paid at the relevant daily pay for public holidays falling during the period of such leave.

13.0 Annual Leave
13.1 Employees, shall be entitled to 4 weeks annual leave, taken and paid in accordance with the Holidays Act 2003 and subject to the other provisions of this clause, except that on completion of five years recognised current continuous service the employee shall be entitled to 5 weeks annual leave. For the purposes of this clause, “current continuous service” shall be as defined in clause 5.

Casual employees may be paid 8% of gross taxable earnings in lieu of annual leave to be added to the salary paid for each engagement, should the employment relationship meet the requirements of section 28 of the Holidays Act.

The provisions of the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987 shall apply in relation to annual leave when an employee takes a period of parental leave or returns to work from parental leave in accordance with Clause 16 of this Agreement.

13.2 Shift Employees

Employees who work rotating shift patterns or those who work qualifying shifts shall be entitled, on completion of 12 months employment on shift work, to up to an additional 5 days annual leave, based on the number of qualifying shifts worked. The entitlement will be calculated on the annual leave anniversary date.

Qualifying shifts are defined as a shift which involves at least 2 hours work performed outside the hours of 8.00am – 5.00pm, excluding overtime.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of qualifying shifts per annum</th>
<th>Number of days additional leave pa</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>121 or more</td>
<td>5 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 – 120</td>
<td>4 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71 – 95</td>
<td>3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46 – 70</td>
<td>2 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 – 45</td>
<td>1 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.3 Employees who do not work shift work as defined in clause 5 and who are required to participate on on-call rosters, shall be granted 2 hours leave for each weekend day or part thereof where the on-call period is 8 or more hours, they are required to be on-call during normal off duty hours, up to a maximum of 3 days additional leave per annum. Such leave shall be paid at annual leave averages and is accumulative. Employees who work qualifying shifts under sub-clause 13.2 are not entitled to leave under this sub-clause. Any entitlements accrued prior to 1 April 2005 will be protected.

13.4 Conditions
Annual leave should be taken within 12 months of entitlement becoming due. Where the annual leave is not taken within twenty-four (24) months of being accrued and there is no agreement on when the leave is to be taken, the employer may direct the employee to take annual leave with a minimum of four (4) weeks notice.

Annual leave may be granted in one or more periods. In accordance with the Holidays Act 2003, the employee shall be given the opportunity to take two weeks leave at one time. Responses to annual leave requests should be provided within a reasonable time of the request being made. Up to a fortnight will generally be regarded as reasonable. Where extenuating circumstances exist, the employee should be advised of the reason for a delay in response within a fortnight of the request and provided with an indication of the likely timeframes for a decision to be advised. This expectation is subject to local leave policies relating to leave approval arrangements for school holidays, and public holidays including Easter and Christmas/New Year. Annual leave is able to be accrued to a maximum of two years entitlement. Annual leave shall be taken to fit in with service/work requirements and the employee’s need for rest and recreation. When an employee ceases employment, wages shall be paid for accrued annual leave, including shift leave, and the last day of employment shall be the last day worked. An employee may anticipate up to one year’s annual leave entitlement at the discretion of the employer.

14.0 Sick and Domestic Leave

In applying the provisions of this clause the parties note:
- their agreed intent to have healthy staff and a healthy workplace
- that staff attending work unwell is to be discouraged and the focus is on patient and staff safety
- that they wish to facilitate a proper recovery and a timely return to work
- that staff can have sick leave and domestic absences calculated on an hourly basis.

14.1 In accordance with the Holidays Act 2003 (as amended) on appointment to Te Whatu Ora, employees shall be entitled to ten (10) working days leave for sick or domestic purposes during the first twelve months of employment, and an additional ten (10) working days for each subsequent twelve-month period.

The employee shall be paid for minimum statutory sick leave entitlements will be paid at relevant daily pay as prescribed in the Holidays Act 2003. Additional contractual or discretionary sick leave that is taken or approved shall be paid ordinary daily pay.
A medical certificate may be required to support the employee’s claim.

14.2 In the event an employee has no entitlement left, they are entitled to apply for up to ten (10) days discretionary leave per annum. The employer recognises that discretionary sick and domestic leave is to ensure the provision of reasonable support to staff having to be absent from work where their entitlement is exhausted. The first five (5) days of discretionary leave shall be approved on the same basis as leave under clause 14.1.

14.3 In considering the next five (5) days discretionary leave the employer shall take into account the following:
- The employee’s length of service
- The employee’s attendance record
- The consequences of not providing the leave
- Any unusual and/or extenuating circumstances

The parties agree that extenuating circumstances will include instances where an employee has exhausted their sick leave entitlement as a result of top-ups to earnings related compensation as a result of injury sustained in an assault by a patient in accordance with Clauses 14.12 or 14.13.

Requests should be considered at the closest possible level of delegation to the employee in the quickest time possible. Reasons for a refusal shall, when requested by the employee, be given in writing and before refusing a request, the decision maker is expected to seek appropriate guidance.

14.4 At the employer’s discretion an employee may be granted further anticipated sick or domestic leave. Any anticipated leave taken in excess of an employee’s entitlement at the time of cessation of employment may be deducted from the employee’s final pay.

14.5 Where an employee is suffering from a minor illness which could have a detrimental effect on the patients or other staff in the employer’s care, the employer may, at its discretion, either:

14.5.1 place the employee on suitable alternative duties; or
14.5.2 direct the employee to take leave on full pay. Such leave shall not be a charge against the employee’s sick and domestic leave entitlement.

14.6 The employee can accumulate their entitlement up to a maximum of 260 days. In accordance with the Holidays Act up to 20 days will be paid at relevant daily pay where the employee carries over 10 days unused sick leave from the previous year’s entitlement.
14.7 Domestic Leave as described in this clause is leave used when the employee must attend a dependent of the employee. This person would, in most cases, be the employee’s child, partner or other dependent family member.

14.7.1 It does not include absences during or in connection with the birth of an employee’s child. Annual leave or parental leave should cover such a situation.

14.7.2 At the employer’s discretion, an employee may be granted leave without pay, where the employee requires additional time away from work to look after a seriously ill member of the employee’s family.

14.7.3 The production of a medical certificate or other evidence of illness may be required.

14.8 Sickness during paid leave: When sickness occurs during paid leave, such as annual or long service leave, the leave may be debited against the sick leave entitlement, (except where the sickness occurs during leave following the relinquishment of office) provided that:

14.8.1 The period of sick leave is more than three days and a medical certificate is produced.

14.8.2 In cases where the period of sickness extends beyond the approved period of annual or long service leave, approval will also be given to debiting the portion, which occurred within the annual leave or long service leave period, against sick leave entitlement, provided the conditions in 14.9 and 14.9.1 above apply.

14.8.3 Annual leave or long service leave may not be split to allow periods of illness of three days or less to be taken.

14.9 During periods of leave without pay, sick leave entitlements will not continue to accrue.

14.10 Where an employee has a consistent pattern of short term Sick Leave, or where those absences are more than 10 working days/shifts or more in a year, then the employee’s situation may be reviewed in line with the employers policy and Sick Leave practices. The focus of the review will be to assist the employee in establishing practical arrangements to recover from sickness or injury.

14.11 Where an employee is incapacitated as a result of a work accident or non-work related accident (except where the accident is a workplace assault – see clause 14.13 below), and that employee is on earnings related compensation, then the employer agrees to supplement the employee’s compensation by 20% of base salary during the period of incapacitation. This leave shall be taken as a charge against untaken Sick Leave entitlement to the extent entitlement exists.

14.12 Where an employee is incapacitated as a result of a workplace assault, and that employee is on earnings related compensation, then the employer will top up the ACC payments to 100% of normal/ordinary rate of pay during the period of incapacitation. This top up payment shall not be debited against the employee’s untaken sick leave entitlement. The employer will reimburse the employee for any costs incurred that are part charges for ACC agreed treatment and other associated ACC expenses.

14.13
The employer may agree to reimburse employees for treatment and other expenses or for financial disadvantage incurred as a result of a work-related accident. This agreement will be on a case-by-case basis.

15.0 Bereavement Leave

15.1 The employer shall approve special bereavement leave on pay for an employee to discharge any obligation and/or to pay respects to a Tupapaku/deceased person with whom the employee has had a close association. Such obligations may exist because of blood or family ties or because of particular cultural requirements such as attendance at all or part of a Tangihanga (or its equivalent). The length of time off shall be at the discretion of the employer and should not be unreasonably withheld and will be exercised in accordance with the Holidays Act 2003.

15.2 If bereavement occurs while an employee is absent on annual leave, sick leave on pay or any other special leave on pay, such leave may be interrupted and bereavement leave granted in terms of clause 15.1 above. This provision will not apply if the employee is on leave without pay.

15.3 In granting time off therefore, and for how long, the employer must administer these provisions in a culturally appropriate manner, especially in the case of Tangihanga.

15.4 The employer agrees that, on application, it may be appropriate to grant leave, with or without pay, to accommodate overseas travel or other special bereavement needs not recognised above.

16.0 Parental Leave

16.1 Statement of principle - The parties acknowledge the following provisions are to protect the rights of employees during pregnancy and on their return to employment following parental leave and is to be read in conjunction with the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987 (referred to as the Act in this clause 16), provided that where this clause 16 is more favourable to the employee, the provisions of this clause 16 shall prevail. Employees should seek the advice of their manager, Human Resources or NZNO in applying for parental leave. Advice on parental leave is also available from Employment New Zealand (www.employment.govt.nz). Advice on parental leave payments is available from the Inland Revenue Department (www.ird.govt.nz.)

16.2 Entitlement and eligibility - Provided that the employee assumes or intends to assume the primary care as defined in the Act, or is the primary carer or partner of a primary carer, the entitlement to parental leave is:

(a) in respect of every child born to them or their partner;
(b) in respect of every child under six years of age, where the employee becomes a primary carer for the child;
(c) where two or more children are born at the same time or where the employee becomes a primary carer for two or more children under six years of age within a one-month period, for the purposes of these provisions the employee's entitlement shall be the same as if there were only one child.

Note: Whāngai arrangements are included in situations where the employee becomes a primary carer for a child or two or more children.

16.3 (a) Parental leave of up to twelve months is to be granted to employees with at least one year's service at the time of commencing leave.

(b) Parental leave of up to six months is to be granted to employees with less than one year's service at the time of commencing leave.

Provided that the length of service for the purpose of this clause means the aggregate period of service, whether continuous or intermittent, in the employment of the employer.

(c) The maximum period of parental leave may be taken by either the employee exclusively or it may be shared between the employee and their partner either concurrently or consecutively. This applies whether or not one or both partners are employed by the employer. The parental leave may be taken in more than one continuous period, with the start and finish dates of each additional period, and any extension of parental leave past the anniversary date of the commencement of parental leave, to be agreed between the employer and the employee.

(d) Pursuant to Part 3 (A) of the Act employees who are not entitled to primary carer leave may request a period of negotiated carer leave from their employment. Negotiated carer leave may enable the employee to receive parental leave payments from IRD if they meet the parental leave payment threshold test.

16.4 In cases of adoption of children of under six years of age, parental leave shall be granted in terms of 16.2 and 16.3 above, providing that fourteen days notice is given before the employee intends to assume the responsibility for the care of the child. Evidence of an approved primary care placement shall be provided to the employer’s satisfaction.

Note: Whāngai arrangements are included as primary care placements for the purposes of this clause.

16.5 Employees intending to take parental leave are required to give at least one month's notice in writing and the application is to be accompanied by a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner or midwife certifying the expected date of delivery. The provision may be waived where the employee becomes a primary carer for a child under the age of six or in circumstances outside the control of the employee.

16.6 The commencement of leave shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987.
16.7 An employee absent on parental leave is required to give at least one month’s notice to the employer of their intention to return to duty. When returning to work the employee must report to duty not later than the expiry date of such leave.

NOTE: It is important that employees are advised when they commence parental leave that, if they fail to notify the employer of their intention to return to work or resign, they shall be considered to have abandoned their employment.

16.8 Parental leave is not to be granted as sick leave on pay.

16.9 Job protection -

(a) Subject to 16.10 below, an employee returning from parental leave is entitled to resume work in the same position or a similar position to the one they occupied at the time of commencing parental leave. A similar position means a position:

(i) at the equivalent salary, grading;
(ii) at the equivalent weekly hours of duty;
(iii) in the same location or other location within reasonable commuting distance; and
(iv) involving responsibilities broadly comparable to those experienced in the previous position.

(b) Where applicable, employees shall continue to be awarded increments when their incremental date falls during absence on parental leave.

(c) Parental leave shall be recognised towards service-based entitlements, i.e.: annual leave and sick leave. However, parental leave will not contribute to Retiring Gratuities allowance calculations.

16.10

(a) Where possible, the employer must hold the employee's position open or fill it temporarily until the employee's return from parental leave. However, in the event that the employee's position is a "key position", the employer may fill the position on a permanent basis if they meet the requirements set out in the Act.

(b) Where the employer is not able to hold a position open, or to fill it temporarily until an employee returns from parental leave, or fills it permanently on the basis of it being a key position, and, at the time the employee returns to work, a similar position (as defined in 16.9 (a) above) is not available, the employer may approve one of the following options:

(i) an extension of parental leave for up to a further 12 months until the employee's previous position or a similar position becomes available; or

(ii) an offer to the employee of a similar position in another location (if one is available) with normal transfer expenses applying; if the offer is
refused, the employee continues on extended parental leave as in 16.10(b)(i) above for up to 12 months; or

(iii) the appointment of the employee to a different position in the same location, but if this is not acceptable to the employee the employee shall continue on extended parental leave in terms of 16.10(b)(i) above for up to 12 months:

provided that, if a different position is accepted and within the period of extended parental leave in terms of 16.10(b)(i), the employee's previous position or a similar position becomes available, then the employee shall be entitled to be appointed to that position; or

(iv) where extended parental leave in terms of 16.10(b)(i) above expires, and no similar position is available for the employee, the employee shall be declared surplus under clause 24.3 of this contract.

16.11 If the employee declines the offer of appointment to the same or similar position in terms of sub clause 16.9(a) above, parental leave shall cease.

16.12 Where, for reasons pertaining to the pregnancy, an employee on medical advice and with the consent of the employer, elects to work reduced hours at any time prior to starting parental leave, then the guaranteed proportion of full-time employment after parental leave shall be the same as that immediately prior to such enforced reduction in hours.

16.13 Parental leave absence filled by temporary appointee If a position held open for an employee on parental leave is filled on a temporary basis, the employer must inform the temporary appointee that their employment will terminate on the return of the employee from parental leave.

16.14 Employees on parental leave may from time to time and by agreement work occasional duties during the period of parental leave and this shall not affect the rights and obligations of either the employee or the employer under this clause.

16.15 Paid Parental Leave – Where an employee takes parental leave under this clause, meets the eligibility criteria in 16.2 (i.e. they assume or intend to assume the primary care of the child), and is in receipt of the statutory paid parental leave payment in accordance with the provisions of the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987 the employer shall pay the employee the difference between the weekly statutory payment and the equivalent weekly value of the employee's base salary (pro rata if less than full-time) for a period of up to 14 weeks.

Employees who negotiate carer leave under Part 3 (A) of the Act are not eligible for the Parental Leave payment under Clause 16.15.

These payments shall be made at the commencement of the parental leave and shall be calculated at the base rate (pro rata if appropriate) applicable to the employee for the six weeks immediately prior to commencement of parental leave. An employee who takes a period of paid leave (e.g. annual leave) at the start of their parental leave may elect to start
their parental leave payment period on the day after the date on which that period of paid leave ends, even if it is later than the child’s arrival or due date.

These payments shall only be made in respect of the period for which the employee is on parental leave and in receipt of the statutory payment if this is less than 14 weeks.

Where 16.3(c) applies and both partners are employed by the employer, the paid parental leave top up will be made to only one employee, being the employee who has primary care of the child.

17.0 Family Violence Leave

17.1 The employer is committed to supporting staff that experience family violence, and staff seeking to address their issues with violence as and when occurrence of the violence is raised with the employer.


17.3 In addition, any staff member experiencing family violence should talk to their manager or Human Resources Department regarding the support available under the employer’s Family Violence (or equivalent) policy.

18.0 Jury Service/Witness Leave

18.1 Employees called on for jury service are required to serve. Where the need is urgent, the Employer may apply for postponement because of particular work needs, but this may be done only in exceptional circumstances.

18.2 An employee called on for jury service may elect to take annual leave, leave on pay, or leave without pay. Where annual leave or leave without pay is granted or where the service is performed during an employee’s off duty hours, the employee may retain the juror’s fees (and expenses paid).

18.3 Where leave on pay is granted, a certificate is to be given to the employee by the Employer to the effect that the employee has been granted leave on pay and requesting the Court to complete details of juror’s fees and expenses paid. The employee is to pay the fees received to the employer but may retain expenses.

18.4 Where leave on pay is granted, it is only in respect of time spent on jury service, including reasonable travelling time. Any time during normal working hours when the employee is not required by the Court, the employee is to report back to work where this is reasonable and practicable.

18.5 Where an employee is required to be a witness in a matter arising out of their employment, they shall be granted paid leave at the salary rate consistent with their
normal rostered duties. The employee is to pay any fee received to the Employer but may retain expenses.

19.0 Leave to Attend Meetings

19.1 The employer shall grant paid leave (at ordinary rates) up to 12 meetings per year to Employees required to attend formal meetings of the New Zealand Nursing Council or the Midwifery Council (except where the matter arises out of employment with other employers), the NZNO Board, Runanga O Aotearoa and the Membership Committee providing a minimum of 6 weeks’ notice is provided to meet rostering provisions. Attendance at the Membership Committee will be up to 6 meetings per year and that no more than one employee from any one individual District will attend. Approval will be obtained from the employee’s manager which will not be unreasonably withheld.

19.2 Paid leave shall also be granted where an Employee is required to attend meetings of Boards or Statutory Committees provided that the appointment to the Board or Committee is by ministerial appointment.

19.3 Any remuneration received by the Employee for the period that paid leave was granted shall be paid to the Employer.

20.0 Long Service Leave

20.1 An employee shall be entitled to long service leave of one week upon completion of a five year period of current continuous service. Such entitlement may be accrued. However any service period for which a period of long service leave has already been taken or paid out shall not count towards this entitlement.

20.2 Long Service Leave will be paid for each week of leave on the same basis as annual leave (13.0) in accordance with the Holidays Act 2003. This will be based on the employees FTE status at the time of taking the leave. Wherever practicable long service leave is to be taken in periods of not less than a week.

20.3 For the purposes of 20.1 current continuous service shall be recognised from 1 July unless the employee had a previously grand-parented provision. For employees with a previously grand-parented scheme, the following shall apply. The employee shall accrue the entitlement in accordance with clause 20.1 above, with their service being deemed to commence, for the purpose of this calculation, on the date service was previously deemed to commence under the grand-parented scheme. Any long service leave actually taken, shall be deducted from that entitlement and the residue shall become the remaining entitlement. That shall be added to any further accrual, with the leave being taken in accordance with clause 20.1 above.
20.4 Leave without pay in excess of three months taken on any one occasion will not be included in the 5-year qualifying period, with the exception of Parental Leave.

20.5 The employer shall pay out any long service leave to which the employee has become entitled but has not taken upon cessation of employment.

20.6 In the event of the death of an employee who was eligible for long service leave but has not taken the leave, any monies due will be paid to the deceased estate.

21.0 NZNO Meetings

21.1 Union members shall be entitled to up to a total of 4 hours leave per year (a year being the period beginning on the 1st day of January and ending on the following 31st day of December) on ordinary pay to attend meetings authorised by the union providing the following conditions are fulfilled.

21.2 The union shall give the employer at least 14 days' notice of the date and time of any union meeting to which clause 21.1 above is to apply.

21.3 The union shall make such arrangements with the employer as may be necessary to ensure that the employer's business is maintained during any union meeting, including, where appropriate, an arrangement for sufficient union members to remain available during the meeting to enable the employer's operation to continue.

21.4 Work shall resume as soon as practicable after the meeting, but the employer shall not be obliged to pay any union member for a period greater than two hours in respect of any meeting.

21.5 Only union members who actually attend a union meeting during their working hours shall be entitled to pay in respect of that meeting and to that end the union shall supply the employer with a list of members who attended and shall advise the employer of the time the meeting finished.

Note: The provisions of these clauses (21.1-21.5) are inclusive of any entitlements provided by the Employment Relations Act 2000.

21.6 Attendance at Seminars of Section Groups/Colleges of NZNO

(a) Leave on pay is restricted to one half day or one full day a year for travel where appropriate. This leave is intended to cover the time required for a nurse or midwife to travel to the centre in which the seminar is to be held.

(b) Leave on base salary only is to be granted for attendance at a national seminar organised by the NZNO or one of the national interest groups or colleges of that body. Attendance at regional or local seminars does not qualify for leave on pay.

(c) Travel and accommodation expenses are the responsibility of the individual attending the seminar.

(d) In all cases, granting of leave on pay for travel purposes is to be at the discretion and convenience of the employer.
22.0 NZNO Right of Entry

22.1 The authorised union representative shall be entitled at all reasonable times to be upon the premises for purposes related to the employment of its members and/or the union's business, in accordance with Sections 20 and 21 of the Employment Relations Act 2000.

23.0 NZNO Delegate / Workplace Representative

23.1 The employer accepts that employee job delegates are the recognised channel of communication between the union and the employer in the workplace.

(a) Accordingly paid time off (at ordinary time rates) shall be allowed for recognised employee delegates to attend meetings with management, consult with union members, and other recognised employee job delegates and union officials, to consult and discuss issues such as management of change, staff surplus, and representing employees.

(b) Prior approval for such meetings shall be obtained from management. Such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

The amount of paid time off and facilities provided shall be sufficient to enable delegates and Convenors of delegates (where these positions exist) to give adequate consideration to the issues in the workplace.

Where recognised workplace activities are required outside working hours, delegates shall be paid at ordinary rates or granted time in lieu on a time for time basis.

24.0 Employment Relations Education Leave

The Employer shall grant leave on pay for employees’ party to this CA to attend courses authorised by NZNO to facilitate the employee’s education and training as employee representatives in the workplace.

The numbers of days education leave granted is based on the formula of 35 days per annum for the first 280 full time equivalent employees (employees covered by this CA who have authorised the NZNO to act on their behalf) and a further five days per annum for every 100 full time equivalent employees thereafter.

For the purposes of this clause, calculating the number of full-time equivalent eligible employees employed by an employer –

(a) an eligible employee who normally works 30 hours or more during a week is to be counted as 1:
(b) an eligible employee who normally works less than 30 hours during a week is to be counted as one-half.

The NZNO shall send a copy of the programme for the course and the name of employees attending at least 28 consecutive days prior to the course commencing.

The granting of such leave shall not be unreasonably withheld taking into account continuing service needs.

The provision of Part 7 of the Employment Relations Act 2000 shall apply where any provision or entitlement is not provided for or is greater than specified above.

25.0 Co-operation, Consultation and Management of Change

25.1 Introduction

25.1.1 The parties to this collective agreement accept that change in the health service is necessary in order to ensure the efficient and effective delivery of health services. They recognise a mutual interest in ensuring that health services are provided efficiently and effectively, and that each has a contribution to make in this regard.

25.1.2 For management of change processes refer to Appendix 1A.

25.1.3 Regular consultation between the employer, its employees and the union is essential on matters of mutual concern and interest. Effective communication between the parties will allow for:

(a) improved decision making
(b) greater cooperation between employer and employees; and a more harmonious, effective, efficient, safe and productive workplace.

25.1.4 Therefore, the parties commit themselves to the establishment of effective and ongoing communications on all employee relations matters.

25.1.5 The employer accepts that employee delegates are a recognised channel of communication between the union and the employer in the workplace.

25.1.6 Prior to the commencement of any significant change to staffing, structure or work practices, the employers will identify and give reasonable notice to employees who may be affected and to the NZNO to allow them to participate in the consultative process so as to allow substantive input.
25.1.7 Reasonable paid time off at T1 shall be allowed for employee delegates to attend meetings with management and consult with employees to discuss issues concerning management of change and staff surplus.

25.1.8 Prior approval of such meetings shall be obtained from the employer and such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

25.1.9 The parties agree that meetings will occur regularly between management and NZNO delegates. These meetings will enable effective operational and strategic communication and resolution of issues. Each District shall establish and/or continue the relevant arrangements in existence at the commencement of this Agreement.

25.2 Consultation

25.2.1 Consultation involves the statement of a proposal not yet finally decided upon, listening to what others have to say, considering their responses and then deciding what will be done. Consultation clearly requires more than mere prior notification.

25.2.2 The requirement for consultation should not be treated perfunctorily or as a mere formality. The person (s) to be consulted must be given sufficient opportunity to express their view or to point to difficulties or problems. If changes are proposed and such changes need to be preceded by consultation, the changes must not be made until after the necessary consultation has taken place.

25.2.3 Both parties should keep open minds during consultation and be ready to change. Sufficiently precise information must be given to enable the person (s) being consulted to state a view, together with a reasonable opportunity to do so – either orally or in writing.

25.2.4 Consultation requires neither agreement nor consensus, but the parties accept that consensus is a desirable outcome.

25.2.5 However, the final decision shall be the responsibility of the employer.

25.2.6 From time-to-time directives will be received from government and other external bodies, or through legislative change. On such occasions, the consultation will be related to the implementation process of these directives.

25.2.7 Where there is a significant change to staffing, structure or work practices, the employers will undertake early engagement with affected staff and the NZNO and may create a discussion document prior to developing a “proposal” or “proposed intention or plan”.

25.2.8 In considering the period of consultation the parties will agree on a period of time for the parties to engage with each other. The process of consultation for the management of change shall be as follows:

(a) The initiative being consulted about should be presented by the employer as a “proposal” or “proposed intention or plan” which has not yet been finalised.
(b) Sufficient information must be provided by the employer to enable the party/parties consulted to develop an informed response.
(c) Sufficient time must be allowed for the consulted party/parties to assess the information and make such response, subject to the overall time constraints within which a decision needs to be made.
(d) Genuine consideration must be given by the employer to the matters raised in the response.
(e) The final decision shall be the responsibility of the employer.

The above process shall be completed prior to the implementation of clause 25.3.

25.3 Staff Surplus

When as a result of the substantial restructuring of the whole, or any parts, of the employer's operations; either due to the reorganisation, review of work method, change in plant (or like cause), the employer requires a reduction in the number of employees, or, employees can no longer be employed in their current position, at their current grade or work location (i.e. the terms of appointment to their present position), then the options in sub-clause 25.3.4 below shall be invoked and decided on a case by case basis in accordance with this clause.

25.3.1 Where an employee's employment is being terminated by the employer by reason of the sale or transfer of the whole or part of the employer's business, nothing in this agreement shall require the employer to pay compensation for redundancy to the employee if:

(a) The person acquiring the business or the part being sold or transferred -

(i) has offered the employee employment in the business or the part being sold or transferred; and

(ii) has agreed to treat service with the employer as if it were service with that person and as if it were continuous; and

(b) The conditions of employment offered to the employee by the person acquiring the business or the part of the business being sold or transferred are the same as, or are no less favourable than, the employee's conditions of employment, including:

(i) any service related conditions; and

(ii) any conditions relating to redundancy; and

(iii) any conditions relating to superannuation - under the employment being terminated; and

(c) The offer of employment by the person acquiring the business or the part of the business being sold or transferred is an offer to employ the employee in that business or part of the business either:
(i) in the same capacity as that in which the employee was employed by the Employer, or

(ii) in any capacity that the employee is willing to accept.

When condition (b) is not met, the employer may offer a lump payment equivalent to what the difference between the current wage and the new wage would be over a two-year period.

Where the person acquiring the business does not offer the employee employment on the basis of (a), (b) and (c) above, the employee will have access to the Staff Surplus provisions.

25.3.2 Notification of a staffing surplus shall be advised to the affected employees and their Union at least one month prior to the date of giving notice of severance or enhanced early retirement to any affected employee. This date may be varied by agreement between the parties. During this period, the employer and employee, who can elect to involve their Union Representative, will meet to agree on the options appropriate to the circumstances. Where employees are to be relocated, at least three months' notice shall be given to employees, provided that in any situation, a lesser period of notice may be mutually agreed between the employee and the employer where the circumstances warrant it (and agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld).

25.3.3 The following information shall be made available to the Union representatives in respect of affected employees they represent:

- (a) the location/s of proposed surplus
- (b) the total number of proposed surplus employees
- (c) the date by which the surplus needs to be discharged
- (d) the positions, grading, names and ages of the affected employees
- (e) availability of alternative positions within the District.

On request the Union representative will be supplied with relevant additional information where available.

25.3.4 Options - The following are the options to be applied in staff surplus situations:

- (a) Reconfirmed in position
- (b) Attrition
- (c) Redeployment
- (d) Leave without pay
- (e) Enhanced early retirement
- (f) Retraining
- (g) Severance

Option (a) will preclude employees from access to the other options. The aim will be to minimise the use of severance. When severance is included, the provisions in sub-clause 25.3.11 will be applied as a package.

25.3.5 Reconfirmed in position - Where a position is to be transferred into a new structure in the same location and grade, where there is one clear candidate for the position, the
employee is to be confirmed in it. Where there is more than one clear candidate the position will be advertised with appointment made as per normal appointment procedures.

25.3.6 Attrition - Attrition means that as people leave their jobs because they retire, resign, transfer, die or are promoted then they may not be replaced. In addition or alternatively, there may be a partial or complete freeze on recruiting new employees or on promotions.

25.3.7 Redeployment - Employees may be redeployed to a new job at the same or lower salary in the same or new location. The employee’s preference for redeployment shall be given due consideration.

(a) Where the new job is at a lower salary, an equalisation allowance will be paid to preserve the salary of the employee at the rate paid in the old job at the time of redeployment. The salary can be preserved in the following ways:

(i) a lump sum to make up for the loss of basic pay for the next two years (this is not abated by any subsequent salary increases); or

(ii) an ongoing allowance for two years equivalent to the difference between the present salary and the new salary (this is abated by any subsequent salary increases).

(b) Where the new job is within the same local area and extra travelling costs are involved, actual additional travelling expenses by public transport shall be reimbursed for up to 12 months.

(c) The redeployment may involve employees undertaking some on-the-job training.

(d) Transfer provisions will be negotiated on an actual and reasonable basis.

25.3.8 Leave without pay - Special leave without pay may be granted within a defined period without automatic right of re-engagement. This provision does not include parental or sick leave.

25.3.9 Retraining

(a) Where a skill shortage is identified, the employer may offer a surplus employee retraining to meet that skill shortage with financial assistance up to the maintenance of full salary plus appropriate training expenses.

It may not be practical to offer retraining to some employees identified as surplus. The employer needs to make decisions on the basis of cost, the availability of appropriate training schemes and the suitability of individuals for retraining.
(b) If an employee is redeployed to a position which is similar to their previous one, any retraining may be minimal, taking the form of "on the job" training such as induction or in-service education.

Where an employee is deployed to a new occupation or a dissimilar position the employer should consider such forms of retraining as in-service education, block courses or night courses at a technical institute, nursing bridging programmes, etc.

25.3.10 Enhanced early retirement

(a) Employees are eligible if they have a minimum of ten years' total aggregated service with the employer, its predecessors, but excludes any service with the Employer or their predecessor which has been taken into account for the purposes of calculating any entitlement to a redundancy/severance/early retirement or similar payment from the employer or their predecessors. Employees who commenced employment with the Employers predecessors prior to 1 April 2005, will retain pre-existing enhanced early retirement provisions (contained in Collective Agreements applying immediately prior to this CA), which are more favourable than those in this clause.

(b) Membership of a superannuation scheme is not required for eligibility.

(c) The employee shall receive the following:

(i) 8.33 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months in lieu of notice. This payment is regardless of length of service; and

(ii) 12 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months, or part thereof for employees with less than 12 months service; and

(iii) 4 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months multiplied by the number of years of service minus one up to a maximum of 19; and

(iv) where the period of total aggregated service is less than 20 years, 0.333 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months multiplied by the number of completed months in addition to completed years of service; and

(v) a retiring gratuity if applicable.

(vi) Outstanding annual leave and long service leave may be separately cashed up.

25.3.11 Severance - Payment will be made in accordance with the following:

(a) “Service” for the purposes of this sub-clause means total aggregated service with the employer, or its predecessors but excludes any service with the employer or their predecessor which has been taken into account for the

53
purposes of calculating any entitlement to a redundancy/severance/early retirement or similar payment from the employer or their predecessors. Employees who commenced employment with the employers predecessors prior to 1 April 2005, will retain pre-existing severance provisions, which are more favourable than those in this clause.

(b) 8.33 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months, in lieu of notice. This payment shall only be made where the requisite notice cannot be given. Notice that is of a lesser period than required by this document shall require the employer to pay an amount proportionate to the ungiven period of notice. This payment is regardless of length of service; and

(c) 12 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months, or part thereof for employees with less than 12 months' service; and

(d) 4 per cent of base salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months multiplied by the number of years of service minus one, up to a maximum of 19; and

(e) where the period of total aggregated service is less than 20 years, 0.333 per cent of basic salary (T1 rate only) for the preceding 12 months multiplied by the number of completed months in addition to completed years of service.

(f) a retiring gratuity or service payment if applicable (refer to appendix 2(a)) containing each District's Retiring Gratuity provision which is specific to each District.

(g) outstanding annual leave and long service leave may be separately cashed up.

(h) Where there is an offer of redeployment to reduced hours, an employee may elect to take a pro-rata compensatory payment based on the above severance calculation.

(i) Nothing in this agreement shall require the employer to pay compensation for redundancy where as a result of restructuring, and following consultation, the employee’s position is disestablished and the employee declines an offer of employment that is on terms that are:

the same as, or no less favourable, than the employee’s conditions of employment; and in the same or similar position to the disestablished position in which the employee was employed by the employer, or in any position in which the employee is willing to accept

25.3.12 Job Search

Employees will be assisted to find alternative employment by being able to have a reasonable amount of time off work to attend job interviews without loss of pay. This is subject to the team leader/manager being notified of the time and location of the interview before the employee is released.
25.3.13 Counselling

Counselling for the employee and their family will be made available as necessary.

26.0 Family Friendly Practices

The employer recognises the importance of family friendly practices in the workplace and will work with the union to develop an environment where family friendly policies are practised.

26.1 Reappointment after Absence due to Childcare

26.1.1 Employees who resign to care for a dependant pre-school child or children may apply to their former employer for preferential re-appointment.

26.1.2 The total period of childcare absence allowed is four years plus any increases in lieu of parental leave. Longer absence renders a person ineligible for preferential appointment.

26.1.3 The employer shall make every effort to find a suitable vacancy for eligible applicants as soon as their eligibility for preferential re-entry is established. Appointment to a position may be made at any time after the original notification of intention to return to work, provided the appointee agrees.

26.1.4 Absence for childcare reasons will interrupt service but not break it.

26.1.5 The period of absence will not count as service for the purpose of sick leave, annual leave, retiring leave or gratuities, long service leave or any other leave entitlement.

26.1.6 Employees do not have a right of review against their non-appointment.

26.2 Childcare Facilities

The parties recognise the importance of good quality childcare facilities being readily available to employees, and support present childcare facilities arrangements. Employers are encouraged to provide facilities for mothers to feed infants.

27.0 Confidentiality/Public Statements
27.1 In recognition of the rights and interests of the public in the health service employees reserve the right to enter into public debate over matters relevant to their professional expertise and experience.

27.2 If an employee is concerned about any issues regarding their practice, the practice of the employer, or other matters with respect to the operation of the employer, the parties agree that, in the first instance, the matter should be raised in-house as a matter of course with the appropriate manager, or the person responsible for Protected Disclosures.

27.3 If the concerned employee is not satisfied with the response given, they may speak out on the issue of concern provided that they identify themselves as speaking in a personal capacity or speaking on behalf of NZNO with its authority to do so.

27.4 Te Whatu Ora employees may comment publicly and engage in public debate on matters within their expertise and experience as employees, provided that they identify themselves as speaking in a personal capacity or speaking on behalf of NZNO with its authority to do so.

27.5 Attention is drawn to the applicable District or employer Media Policy, the Privacy Act 2020 and the Public Health Sector - Code of Good Faith.

28.0 Professional Development

28.1 Midwives

The employer acknowledges a commitment to supporting the continued safe practice of its workforce and to supporting opportunities for the development of knowledge and skills which will benefit the patient, organisational effectiveness and workforce. Upon application, the employer will grant professional development leave of up to 32 hours per calendar year for fulltime midwives (pro-rated to no less than 8 hours per calendar year for part-time midwives). This leave is to enable midwives to complete qualifications, to attend courses and to undertake research or projects that are relevant to the employer and that facilitate the midwives’ growth and development. Prior approval of the employer must be obtained.

The employer shall commit each financial year (that being 1 July to 30 June) a sum of $1,000 per NNZO midwife (headcount), accessible by NZNO members only, to enable midwives to meet approved professional development requirements.

28.1.2 CPD administration

(a) The pool shall only be available to members of NZNO who are midwives.
(b) The pool shall be administered by the department in each respective District by the Director of Midwifery or the Midwifery Lead (in line with delegated authority).
(c) Management of the pool must:
(i) Ensure continuing professional development is achieved and maintained by midwives, and
(ii) be managed in a fair, transparent and consistent manner by a CPD Committee comprising management and NZNO workplace delegate, and
(iii) The CPD committee shall maintain a standard reporting record that includes:
(iv) Full financial records detailing the level and use of expenditure, and
(v) Any declined applications and the reason for declination, and
(vi) Any approved funding over and above the CPD pool, and
(vii) The reporting record shall be made available to NZNO on request.

The employee may access the CPD fund to reimburse (on presentation of official receipts) the cost of membership of the NZ College of Midwives, the professional association that is directly relevant to the employee’s duties, to a maximum of $345 per annum. Provided that where the employee works for another organisation, or in private practice, the employer will only be required to pay the amount on a pro-rata basis.

28.2 Nurses

The employer shall grant professional development leave of 32 hours per calendar year for full time nurses (pro rated to no less than 8 hours per calendar year for part time employees) who are registered/enrolled nurses. This leave is to enable employees to complete qualifications, to attend courses and to undertake research or projects that are relevant to the employer and which facilitate the employee’s growth and development, including cultural knowledge. 8 hours per calendar year shall be available for Health Care Assistants and Hospital Aides who are preparing to apply for Merit 1 or Merit 2. Prior approval of the employer must be obtained.

28.2.1 Grants, scholarships, reimbursement and leave practices in existence prior to 1 July 2004 shall continue in place in Districts where they apply.
28.2.2 Paid leave to meet organisational and service requirements, and those HPCA requirements not otherwise addressed in this clause, shall be granted in addition to the above provisions. The employer will meet any associated costs.
28.2.3 Professional development leave will be granted at T1 rate and shall not accumulate from one year to the next.
28.2.4 Any claim for expenses must be approved in advance and will be considered on a case by case basis.
28.2.5 New Graduate study days are in addition to those stated above.
28.2.6 Staff working on preparing a portfolio, obtaining or maintaining skill levels associated with the Professional Development and Recognition Programme are entitled to additional leave in order to undertake research or study associated with meeting the PDRP requirements as follows:
Level

- Proficient: 1 day p.a.
- Expert / Accomplished: 2 days p.a.

28.2.7 Nurse Practitioners shall be entitled to an annual $5,000 Professional Development Allowance to support appropriate professional development opportunities. This Allowance may be accrued for up to 2 years ($10,000). Such opportunities will be discussed between the Nurse Practitioner and their line manager.

Except that, at Bay of Plenty District and Hawkes Bay District the annual Professional Development entitlement for Nurse Practitioners shall be $6,000 per annum. At Auckland District, Counties Manukau District, Hawkes Bay District, and West Coast District, the Professional Development entitlement shall accrue for up to three years.”

28.2.8 It is acknowledged that designated senior nurses or midwives may require additional paid opportunities for development, including attending conferences and symposia.

28.2.9 Professional Development and Recognition or Quality and Leadership Programmes

In recognition of the importance of increasing the number of expert/accomplished and proficient nurses or leadership and confident midwives, an employee who reaches the following levels will receive a pro-rated allowance as long the employee maintains that level of practice. All levels of practice allowances shall be added to the base rate of pay and be payable on all hours worked, and shall attract penal rates and overtime.

The rates of these allowances are as follows:
- RN Expert / Puna Rahi: $4500 per annum
- RM Leadership: $4500 per annum
- RN Proficient / Puna Whakatau: $3000 per annum
- RM Confident: $3000 per annum
- EN Accomplished: $4500 per annum
- EN Proficient: $3000 per annum

Note: A Designated Senior Nurse or Midwife placement on and progression through the salary scale is not dependent on PDRP. Districts which have dedicated Senior Nurse or midwife PDRP programmes will continue to operate them separately from salary progression.

All RNs and ENs will be able to progress within the pathway, with all RNs and ENs required to demonstrate competent level of practice. Achievement of proficient and expert (RNs) and proficient and accomplished (ENs) is voluntary.

All Midwives will be able to progress within the Quality Leadership Programme, with all Midwives required to demonstrate competent level of practice. Achievement of the domains of confident and leadership is voluntary.
There will be processes in place to ensure the ongoing national consistency of PDRPs.

All PDRP’s will be aligned to the “National Framework to Nursing Professional Development and Recognition Programmes”, Nursing Council NZ and HPCA Act requirements.

All QLP’s will be aligned to the “National Framework for a Quality and Leadership Programme”, Midwifery Council and HPCA Act requirements.

**Principles**

(a) PDRPs / QLPs shall be applied in a consistent manner.

(b) The criteria for differentiating levels for each category of nurse or midwife and for progression shall be standard across the District and be based on demonstrated competence and skill acquisition.

(c) The clinical career/workforce structure requires commitment to education and development of expertise. The employer will provide and facilitate such education.

(d) No quotas or other in-built barriers will be established to limit the numbers at each level of the pathway. Progression through the programmes shall be based solely on achievement of specified agreed criteria, e.g.: for an expert RN post-registration and post-graduate education may be deemed to be equivalent.

(e) When transferring either internally or externally, continuity of levels should occur with provision for the staff member to meet the competencies for the level in the new area within a negotiated period.

(f) A staff member in a position which involves regular rotation between clinical areas shall maintain their level of practice and shall not be prevented from progressing if they apply for advancement.

(g) A joint NZNO/employer committee at each District will monitor the principles, to ensure a participative process is in place for developing the workforce structure and to make recommendations accordingly to the Director of Nursing and/or Midwifery. These shall cover:

(i) any changes or processes necessary to further the programmes including education

(ii) ensuring that the programmes are managed consistently assisting in the development and monitoring of the review process and/or implementation difficulties

(iii) ensuring appropriate training/information/support for all employees and managers involved in the programmes.

(h) The DoN/M shall consult with and report back to the committee on the implementation of recommendations made.

(i) A review/appeals process will be included in any accompanying policy.

28.2.10 Huarahi Whakatū
The employer recognises Huarahi Whakatū Māori professional Development Recognition Programme is endorsed by the Nursing Council and supports the Māori Nursing workforce covered by this collective agreement. An employee who reaches
the following levels will receive a pro-rated allowance as long the employee maintains that level of practice. All levels of practice allowances shall be added to the base rate of pay and be payable on all hours worked and shall attract penal rates and overtime.

Puna Rahi $4,500 per annum
Puna Whakatau $3,000 per annum

28.3 Health Care Assistants / Hospital Aides

All newly employed HCAs will be offered the opportunity to participate in the fully funded NZQA Level 3 Health and Wellbeing qualification. This will be offered during paid work hours and will consist of online, in person and practice setting learning.

Those HCAs already employed and would like this opportunity will be given support to access the programme and the employer will take all reasonable steps to support the employee to attain the qualification within 12 months of any such request. Coordination of the programme and learning outcomes will be provided by the organisation.

29.0 Policies and Procedures

29.1 All employees covered by the Agreement shall comply with the employer’s policies and procedures in force from time to time, to the extent that such policies and procedures are not inconsistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

29.2 The union will be consulted regarding any additions/amendments to those policies and procedures, where such additions/amendments have a material effect on employees’ conditions of employment.

29.3 Insurance Protection

Insurance protection for employees travelling on work related business is provided in accordance with the employers insurance policy. The provisions of the insurance policy are available through the Human Resources department.

29.4 Leave Without Pay

Fulltime or part-time employees are able to take leave without pay each year, providing that such leave is mutually agreed between the employer and the employee, and is in accordance with the employer’s policy on leave without pay.
30.0 Indemnity Cover

The employer undertakes to indemnify employees, subject to the terms and conditions of the employer's Professional Indemnity/Medical Malpractice Insurance Policy, against actions taken by persons suffering damage as a result of acts or omissions of the employee while acting in the course of their employment.

This indemnity shall not apply to any employee acting outside of their employment, or for any action taken against the employee by their own professional association. The parties agree that the payment of any excess or deductible is the responsibility of the employer.

31.0 Health and Safety

31.1 The employer shall comply with the provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and subsequent amendments concerning safety, health and welfare matters. The parties to this agreement agree that employees should be adequately protected from any safety and health hazard arising in the workplace. All reasonable precautions for the health and safety of employees shall be taken. The parties agree to comply with the Employee Participation Agreement in each District.

31.2 It shall be the responsibility of the employer to ensure that the workplace meets required standards and that adequate and fit for purpose safety equipment is provided.

31.3 It shall be the responsibility of every employee covered by this agreement to work safely and to report any hazards, accidents or injuries as soon as practicable to their supervisor.

31.4 It is a condition of employment that safety equipment and clothing required by the employer is to be worn or used by the employee and that safe working practices must be observed at all times.

31.5 Attention is also drawn to the employer’s policies and procedures on health and safety.

31.6 The employer recognises that to fulfil their function Health and Safety Representatives (HSRs) require adequate training (including unit standard 29315), time and facilities. The Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 requires employers to allow a health and safety representative to spend as much time as is reasonably necessary to perform their functions or exercise their powers under the Act (clause 10(c), Schedule 2). Any work that has is necessary outside of working hours will be paid be at T1 or granted time in lieu provided the employer has given approval for the out of hours H & S work, which shall not be unreasonably withheld.
31.7 The parties to this agreement recognise that effective health and safety committees are the appropriate means of providing consultative mechanisms on health and safety issues in the workplace.

32.0 Accidents – Transport of Injured Employees

32.1 Transport of injured employees – Where the accident is work-related and the injury sustained by the employee necessitates immediate removal to a hospital, or to a medical practitioner for medical attention and then to their residence or a hospital, or to their residence (medical attention away from the residence not being required), the employer is to provide or arrange for the necessary transport, pay all reasonable expenses for meals and lodging incurred by or on behalf of the employee during the period they are transported, and claim reimbursement from ACC.

33.0 Safe Staffing

Where Care Capacity Demand Management (CCDM) FTE calculations have not been agreed by the parties, NZNO and local management will meet to agree the minimum numbers of safe staffing needed in each ward/service/workplace to provide safe and effective care to patients. The discussion should also consider the ratio of staff skill mix, data available and any relevant benchmarks. This will follow the same endorsement process as FTE calculations for wards/departments fully implemented with CCDM, including annual reviews, through the local CCDM Data Councils and district CCDM Councils.

The parties continue to work together to fully implement CCDM, including acuity-based FTE calculations.

34.0 Uniforms and Protective Clothing

34.1 Where the employer requires an employee to wear a uniform, it shall be provided free of charge, but shall remain the property of the employer.

34.2 Suitable protective clothing shall be provided at the employer's expense where the duty involves a risk of excessive soiling or damage to uniforms or personal clothing or a risk of injury to the employee.

34.3 Damage to personal clothing – An employee shall be reasonably compensated for damage to personal clothing worn on duty or reimbursed dry cleaning charges for excessive soiling to personal clothing worn on duty, provided the damage or soiling did not occur as a result of the employee’s negligence, or failure to wear the protective clothing provided. Each case shall be determined on its merits by the employer.
34.4 Clothing Allowance

(i) A taxable allowance of $3.42 per day (or proportionate part thereof for nurses/midwives/HCAs employed part-time) shall be paid for each working day on which, because of therapeutic requirements or in the interests of patient care/rehabilitation, a nurse or midwife is required by the employer to wear civilian clothes instead of the normal uniform (such requirement or direction shall be in writing and a copy shall be forwarded to NZNO)

(ii) In the absence of a written requirement or direction, either a uniform shall be made available or a taxable allowance of $3.42 per day shall be paid until such time as a uniform is made available.

Provided that no allowance shall be payable to tutorial staff, staff wholly or mainly employed in an administrative role, students undertaking classroom tuition, or staff who, with the employer’s permission elect to wear civilian clothing on duty.

35.0 Payment of Wages

35.1 Employees will be paid fortnightly in arrears by direct credit. Where significant errors have occurred as a result of employer action or inaction, corrective payment must be made within one working day of the error being brought to the employer’s attention. All other instances, corrective payment will be made as soon as practicable but no later than the next fortnightly pay period. The parties also acknowledge that the financial impact on the employee must be taken into consideration when determining when payment will be made.

35.2 Where an employee has taken leave in advance of it becoming due, and the employee leaves before the entitlement has accrued, the employer will deduct the amount owing in excess of entitlement from the employee’s final pay.

35.3 Any monies agreed, as being owed by the employee to the employer upon termination will be deducted from the employee’s final pay.

35.4 The employees shall complete timesheets as required by the employer. Wherever practicable any disputed items shall not be changed without first referring it to the affected employee.

35.5 Overpayment Recovery Procedures: Attention is drawn to the Wages Protection Act 1983. The provisions of this Act, or any amendment or Act passed in substitution for this Act, shall apply.

35.6 The employer shall use its best endeavours to direct credit payment of wages into the employee’s bank account one clear banking day prior to a public holiday.

36.0 Termination of Employment
36.1 Notice Period

The employee/employer may terminate the employment agreement with four weeks written notice, unless otherwise negotiated with the employer. Agreement for a shorter notice period will not be unreasonably withheld. When the agreed notice is not given, the unexpired notice may be paid or forfeited by the party failing to give the agreed notice.

This shall not prevent the employer from summarily dismissing any employee without notice for serious misconduct or other good cause in accordance with the employers disciplinary procedures and/or rules of conduct.

36.2 Abandonment of Employment

An employee absent from work for three consecutive working days without notification to the employer or without appropriate authorisation from the employer will be considered by the employer as having terminated their employment without notice, unless the employee is able to show they were unable to fulfil their obligations under this section through no fault of their own. The employer will make all reasonable efforts to contact the employee during the three days period of unnotified absence.

37.0 Harassment Prevention

37.1 Employees should refer in the first instance to the provisions and procedures specified in the employer's Harassment Policy. The employee’s attention is also drawn to clause 37 Employment Relationship Problems. Harassment can take many forms, including sexual harassment, bullying, racial harassment, violence, and other forms of intimidating behaviour.

37.2 Sexual harassment is verbal or physical behaviour of a sexual nature which is unwelcome to the receiver and is embarrassing or intrusive. It affects morale, work effectiveness and the right to enjoy a good working environment. Some types of behaviour constituting sexual harassment are listed below:

(a) Type of behaviour
   (i) sex-orientated jibes or abuse;
   (ii) offensive gestures or comments;
        unwanted and deliberate physical contact;
        requests for sexual intercourse, including implied or overt promises for preferential treatment or threats concerning present or future employment status.

(b) Where it may occur
   (i) among co-workers;
   (ii) where a supervisor uses position and authority to take sexual advantage of another employee or to control or affect the career, salary or job of that employee;
(iii) in dealing with members of the public.

(c) Responsibilities for supervisors and complainants when dealing with sexual harassment:

It is the responsibility of the employer to maintain a work environment free of unwelcome behaviour and to provide a mechanism for reporting sexual harassment, ensuring a fair investigation and avoiding reprisals against the complainant;

Care is to be taken during the investigation of any complaint of sexual harassment and afterwards to prevent any disadvantage to the complainant and care must also be taken to protect the position of other parties if the complaint is found to be unwarranted.

The employer relies on supervisors at all levels to facilitate and encourage proper standards of personal and ethical conduct in the workplace.

36.3 Sexual harassment complaints must be taken seriously and handled with sensitivity and impartiality. Behaviour, words and gestures have different meanings in different cultures. What may be acceptable in one culture may not be in another. This needs to be taken into account in the workplace.

37.4 Guidelines for Supervisors and Guidelines for Complainants are available in the employer’s Human Resources Manual and/or from the Human Resources Department.

37.5 Racial Harassment
An employee is racially harassed if the employee’s employer or a representative of the employer uses language (whether written or spoken), or visual material, or physical behaviour that directly, or indirectly:

(a) expresses hostility against, or brings into contempt or ridicule, the employee on the grounds of race, colour, or ethnic or national origins of the employee; and
(b) is hurtful or offensive to the employee (whether or not that is conveyed to the employer or the representative); and
(c) has, either by its nature or through repetition, a detrimental effect on the employee’s employment, job performance or job satisfaction.

38.0 Resolution of Employment Relations Problems

An “employment relationship problem” includes:

(a) A personal grievance
(b) A dispute
(c) Any other problem relating to or arising out of the employment relationship
   But does not include any problem with negotiating new terms and conditions of employment.
Where an Employment Relationship Problem arises, the parties will in the first instance seek to resolve it between the immediately affected parties. Further to this:

The employee is entitled to seek representation at any stage during the process. Help with an employment relations problem is available from within the workplace (employee manager) or outside the workplace (Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment 0800 800 863), or a union, an advocate or a lawyer.

If the matter is unresolved either party is entitled to seek mediation from the Labour Department or refer the matter to the Employment Relations Authority. (Both mediation and investigation by the Authority are services available for the resolution of employment relationship problems.)

A “personal grievance” means a claim that an employee:

(a) has been unjustifiably dismissed; or
(b) to their disadvantage by some unjustifiable action by the employer; or
(c) has been discriminated against their employment; or
(d) has been sexually harassed in their employment; or
(e) has been racially harassed in their employment; or
has been subjected to duress in relation to union membership.

If the employment relationship problem is a personal grievance, the employee must raise the grievance with the employer within a period of 90 days beginning with the date on which the action alleged to amount to a personal grievance occurred or came to the notice of the employee, whichever is the latter. Where the grievance is in respect of sexual harassment the employee needs to raise their grievance within 12 months of the action occurring or the grievance coming to their notice.

Where any matter comes before the Authority for determination, the Authority must direct the matter to mediation in the first instance. Where mediation has failed or been deemed inappropriate in the circumstances, the Authority will then have the power to investigate the matter.

If the employment relationship problem relates to discrimination or sexual harassment, services available for the resolution of the problem include either application to the Authority for the resolution of this grievance or a complaint under the Human Rights Act 1993, but not both.

39.0 Deduction of Union Fees

The Employer shall deduct employee NZNO fees from the wages/salaries of employees when authorised in writing by members and shall remit such subscriptions to the NZNO at agreed intervals.
A list of members shall be supplied by NZNO to each District on request.
40.0 Bargaining Fee

It is agreed that a bargaining fee shall be applied to those employees whose work is covered by this Agreement but who are not members of NZNO and who are not members of another union, and who do not otherwise opt out of this clause, in accordance with the Employment Relations Act 2000 (S.69P and following).

40.1 For the purpose of this clause:
(a) the “bargaining fee” shall be set at 100% of the current NZNO membership subscription rate (Registered Nurses $23.74 per fortnight, Enrolled Nurses $18.96 per fortnight, HCA’s $14.16 per fortnight) and paid each pay period, and shall not increase during the term of this clause;

(b) the date the bargaining fee commences is 14 days after the expiry of the specified period as advised to the affected employees in accordance with S.69R.(1)(c) of the Employment Relations Act 2000;

(c) an “affected employee” is one

(i) whose work is covered by the coverage clause of this Agreement and

(ii) whose terms and conditions of employment comprise or include the terms and conditions of employment specified in this Agreement and

(iii) who is not a member of the union and

(iv) who is not a member of another union and

(v) who is not an employee who has opted out.

(d) An “employee who has opted out” is one who would otherwise be an affected employee but who has notified the employer by the end of the specified period that they do not wish to pay the bargaining fee, and whose terms and conditions of employment remain the same until such time as varied by agreement with the employer.

40.2 The employer shall at the end of the specified period deduct the bargaining fee from the wages of each affected employee and remit it to the union in the same manner in which union subscriptions are deducted and remitted to the union.

40.3 Nothing in this clause applies to new employees, that is, those who are employed after this Agreement has come into force.

40.4 This clause shall expire on 31 October 2024.
41.0 Superannuation

41.1 Where an employee is a member of a KiwiSaver scheme under the KiwiSaver Act 2006, effective 31 March 2008, the employer will make an employer contribution to that scheme, matching the employee’s contribution dollar for dollar, up to a maximum of 3% of the employee’s total gross earnings (unless a higher employer contribution is required by law).

42.0 Retiring Gratuities

Retiring Gratuities are available to employees who are retiring from Te Whatu Ora where those provisions existed in Collective Agreements which were in place prior to 1 July 2004. Those District-specific provisions are attached as Appendix 2(a) to this MECA. All cut off and implementation dates expressed in those District-specific provisions will continue to apply in each District.
43. Appendices

APPENDIX 1: Terms of Reference and other references-

(a) Healthy Workplaces Agreement
(b) Job Evaluation Review Committee (JERC)
(c) Health Care Assistants / Hospital Aides Merit Criteria
(d) Designated Senior Nurse and Midwife Titles and Role descriptors

APPENDIX 2: Protected provisions -

(a) Retiring Gratuities by DHB
(b) Allowances

APPENDIX 3: Memoranda of Understanding -

(a) Enrolled Nurses
Appendix 1 (a) Saved

AGREEMENT FOR A BIPARTITE RELATIONSHIP FRAMEWORK

Appendix 1 (b)

Healthy Workplaces Agreement

The parties to this MECA agree that all employees should have healthy workplaces.

Te Whatu Ora and NZNO commit to the following:

1) Full implementation of CCDM in all DHBs by 30 June 2021.

2) Implementation plans shall be agreed between the CCDM councils in each District and the Safe Staffing Healthy Workplaces Governance Group within 6 months of ratification of the NZNO/Te Whatu Ora CA.

3) The plans shall be published by each District and the SSHWU, and complied with according to the agreements reached with the SSHWU Governance Group.

4) The plans shall comply with the CCDM standards and among other things include;
   - Timeframes for each stage/milestone of CCDM.
   - Paid release of staff to attend education and all other components of CCDM e.g. steering group meetings, CCDM council meetings.
   - Education on a validated acuity tool and the CCDM programme for all staff, (The parties note that there may be more than one acuity tool).
   - Agreed resourcing to ensure implementation of the plans and consequent/subsequent activities.

The Operating Policy Framework (OPF) is the mechanism used by the Ministry of Health to monitor DHB performance. The Ministry will include in the OPF the requirement that DHBs implement a validated patient acuity system and plan their DHB nursing and midwifery workforce requirement in line with the CCDM programme methodology, which includes the implementation of the agreed FTE calculations.

The parties reaffirm the commitment to achieving healthy workplaces through the implementation of Care Capacity Demand Management (CCDM).
Achieving healthy workplaces requires:

A nationally consistent care capacity management\(^1\) approach which provides for the appropriate levels of staff, skill mix, experience, and resourcing to achieve a match between demand and capacity. This includes:

- Timely response to Care Capacity Demand Management (CCDM) data which shows a need to adjust staffing levels to meet demand.
- An acuity tool that is validated according to the SSHW Validated Patient Acuity Standard Required for the Care Capacity Demand (CCDM) Programme
- Adequate resourcing to progress implementation and maintenance of the CCDM program.
- Transparency of information including the sharing of data reports between parties and NZNO participation at relevant meetings.
- Visibility of acute staff shortages (identified by care hours required - exceeds care hours provided as identified by acuity) is visible in the public space of each ward or unit. Where services do not have a physical public space to display this information eg., District Nursing Services, community-based nursing/midwifery services, managers and clinical staff will decide the best way to make this information publicly available. This information is to be made available at the beginning of each work period/shift.

1. Systems, processes and work practices that ensure efficient scheduling and a credible, consistent and timely response to variance in demand and include nursing and/or midwifery clinical judgment.

2. A workplace culture between employees and their managers that reflects an understanding and actively advocates a balance between safe quality care, a safe quality work environment and organisational efficiency.

3. Recognition that everyone can be a leader by using the authority (expertise) vested in their role to participate and constructively engage with others.

4. The development of a learning culture that emphasizes employees at all levels being given the opportunity to extend their knowledge and skills, as identified in their performance development plans where they are in place.

5. Appreciation that good patient outcomes rely on the whole team and that teams need opportunities to work and plan together.

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\(^1\) Care capacity management is the process of ensuring that the demand for service placed on an organisation can be adequately met within a context of quality patient care, a quality work environment for staff, and fiscal and procedural efficiency.
6. Having the right tools, technology, environment and work design to support health and safety and to ensure effective health care delivery. This includes the opportunity to be involved in the decisions about what is needed and when.

The parties agree that these seven elements should be evident in all District workplaces and apply to all employees, and agree to work jointly towards the implementation of them by the following:

- The parties agree to work together to establish a national framework for a whole of system approach to care capacity management which;

  - provides efficient, effective, user friendly processes and structures
  - provides centralized, multi stakeholder governance

- is used consistently and effectively at all levels to manage and monitor care capacity includes a core data set by which the health of the system is monitored and is used to inform forecasting, demand planning, and budgeting
  - includes consistent, credible, required responses to variance in care capacity
  - recognises the need for local solutions consistent with the principles of healthy workplaces

- Each party will undertake to promote and model behavior that demonstrates productive engagement and builds a workplace culture that enables everyone to feel their contribution is valued and respected. Opinions of those performing the work will be sought when new innovations, improvements and changes are required, in a manner consistent with consultation and change management processes referred to below

- Quality of care and quality of the work environment are agreed priorities that underpin productivity and will be incorporated in all workplace processes and actively sponsored at all levels of the organization

- Developing and maintaining policies and practices that actively encourage all employees to be confident in leading and making decisions within their levels of expertise and experience.

- Access for all employees to appropriate professional development and appropriate learning opportunities, including appropriate national qualifications, in order to give them greater opportunities to extend their roles and responsibilities within the public health system.

- Facilitating appropriate release time to attend relevant professional development and learning opportunities;

- A wider team approach to planning and evaluation of service capacity and service delivery will be used to ensure the right people with the right skills are providing the right care (role) at the right time in the right place. This will support staff in taking responsibility and accountability for their own services’ performance, and using the tools and policies in place to effect improvement
• Nationally consistent consultation and change management processes to facilitate both input into decision making on issues affecting the workplace and active engagement in the development and/or problem solving of initiatives to address the issues.

Commitments and Enforceability

Te Whatu Ora acknowledges that the provision of safe staffing and a safe and healthy workplace is a right for all employees. The Districts each commit to and agree to take all reasonably practicable steps to ensure this outcome including by

• Having sufficient experienced nurse and midwifery resources available to meet short notice staffing shortfalls.

• Ensuring that nurse and midwifery managers are able to immediately resolve the staffing shortfalls, in accordance with the Escalation Pathway set out in this Appendix (Healthy Workplaces Agreement).

• Having a sufficient number of experienced staff available, including to cover any clinical area.

• Complying with the Escalation Pathway set out below.

These commitments shall be deemed to form part of the CA and accordingly give rise to rights and duties which are legally enforceable as against each District, such that NZNO may apply to the Employment Relations Authority for remedies, including penalties, in the event that they consider that any such commitment has been or is being breached.

Where any claim is made by NZNO to the Employment Relations Authority under this clause, the relevant District Director or equivalent will inform the Director General of Health within 5 days of the claim being lodged.

Escalation Pathway

An "Acute Staffing Shortage" is identified as the acuity of the patient care required exceeding care hours available. Where available, this is measured by the validated acuity tool (as Variance Response Status) that includes using the 'shift below target' measure, where the difference in the care hours provided and the care hours required is greater than negative 8.5% (or 40 minutes per FTE).

District Support of safe staffing and escalation

To support safe staffing and the escalation pathway Districts agree to the following:

➢ A variance response management team (VRM team) made up from Registered Nurses, Registered Midwives, Health Care Assistants available on every shift to be deployed to areas of need, directed by the hospital operations manager or duty nurse manager and including and/or being overseen by a senior clinical resource

➢ Timely recruitment processes to avoid unwarranted delays

➢ The role of health and safety legislation and Person Conducting a Business or Undertakings (PCBUs)
Patients and staff safety and wellbeing are paramount objectives of the escalation process. Response times shall ensure effective remedial action to address unsafe staffing and will be agreed by the parties for each part of the process. Managers shall be trained on the escalation pathway. NZNO shall train own staff. Clarification provided on who has authority to address each stage of the process at each District. Incident reporting is critical to the escalation process. Consideration to be given to appropriate skill mix. Availability of casuals/new graduates/resource nurse.

The Escalation Pathway
In addition, the following escalation process shall apply:

When an employee or nursing or midwifery team considers they have reached the limits of safe practice they will be supported to resolve the situation as follows:

- The nurse or midwifery manager or duty manager will be immediately informed of the situation by the nurse or midwife.
- The nurse or midwife will not be required to take additional workload until strategies have been implemented to address the immediate workload issues.
- The hospital operations manager will review the situation (including without limitation utilising appropriate professional clinical judgement) to validate whether there is an Acute Staffing Shortage as defined above.
- Having assessed the situation in consultation with the affected nurse/team (where practicable), the appropriate manager will use reasonable efforts to alleviate the affected employee's or team's concerns including for example:
  - Staff in areas with surplus care hours are redeployed by the hospital operations manager to alleviate the immediate safe staffing concerns.
  - The VRM response team, or other resource pool staff, are activated to respond to the areas of acute staffing shortage.

If the process outlined above does not resolve the situation, steps will be taken immediately to elevate the issue to that level of nursing service management authorised to resolve the immediate problem and take steps to reduce the likelihood or a recurrence of similar problems.

- The most senior nurse or midwife in the District, at the time of the event, will report the event to the most senior manager in the District as soon as is reasonably possible. [For example; the Nurse or Midwifery Manager or Duty Manager will immediately advise the Director of Nursing (DoN) or, if the DoN is not available, the Manager responsible for the hospital at that time.]
• Direct assistance will then be given from this level in the organisation, and the event reported to the Chief Executive by the DoN as soon as is reasonably possible.

In the event an acute staffing shortage cannot be alleviated, and where it is reasonably practicable to do so, patient cares, and/or the volume and/or range of services will be reduced in accordance with direction by the appropriate manager and employer policies.

All acute staffing shortages shall be reported and investigated and an NZNO delegate will be involved in investigations and corrective measures.
Appendix 1 (c)

Job Evaluation Review Committee (JERC)

- The JERC will consist of four (4) representatives from Districts’ and NZNO respectively. Eight (8) people in total.
- The committee will meet up to four times per calendar year
- The primary function will be to scope new positions, changed job descriptions, and receive and consider appeals.
- The JERC will continue to use “Process to Review” documents (August 07) for each submission received.
- The committee will utilize an external consultant as necessary to complete the evaluation process.

1. Te Whatu Ora has the right to determine designated senior nursing and midwifery positions in line with the nationally agreed job scoping and titles process.

   Every endeavour will be made to resolve the issue locally, but where the issue remains unresolved it will be referred to JERC for opinion before the affected District makes the final decision.

2. If a District establishes a new designated senior nursing or midwifery role (at that District) with a title and position description that has been previously scoped nationally using the scoping process, placement on the salary scale will be dealt with at the local level with NZNO involvement.

   Every endeavour will be made to resolve the issue locally, but where this is unable to be achieved the issue will be referred to the JERC for scoping.

3. Where a totally new designated senior nursing or midwifery role is created, outside of the current titles and descriptors, it will be directly referred to the JERC for scoping.

4. NZNO may refer a role to JERC that they believe is a new designated position in order to determine if it is in fact a designated position or not, and if so what grade it should be scoped to.

   All local decisions will be advised to the national Employment Relations Team formally known as TAS who hold the master listing on behalf of the JERC.

The parties to this CA will evaluate the function and operation of the JERC twelve months after the date of signing this CA.
Appendix 1 (d)

NEW ZEALAND NURSES ORGANISATION AND DISTRICT HEALTH BOARDS
HEALTH CARE ASSISTANT/ HOSPITAL AIDE MERIT ALLOWANCE PAYMENT
POLICY DOCUMENT

The following is extracted from a more detailed handbook which is available in each DHB.

Background

Included at Clause 27.10 of the DHB’s/NZNO Nursing Midwifery MECA are merit payments for Health Care Assistants and Hospital Aides (HCA/HA). These payments are made as an allowance and are added to the base rates of pay and are paid for all hours worked. They attract penal rates and overtime.

The rates of allowance are as follows.
Merit 1 $1000 per annum
Merit 2 $2000 per annum

The allowance continues to be paid only as long as the HCA/HA maintains the merit criteria applicable to the allowance, which they had approved.

Upon meeting the necessary criteria an employee shall be awarded either a Merit 1 or Merit 2 allowance. They are not cumulative. i.e. the maximum allowance is $2000 per annum.

Eligibility

The employment agreement uses the designations HCA/HA but these allowances are available to all employees who are paid correctly on the HCA/HA scale irrespective of their position title. In order to be paid on the HCA/HA scale the employee, irrespective of their job title, must meet the definition of Health Care Assistant or Hospital Aide as agreed between the employers and the union. The definition is:
“An employee who is an auxiliary to the nursing team and is able to perform tasks in their position description relating to patient care and who works under the direction of a registered nurse or midwife. Attention is drawn to the list of titles current 28 November 2005 identified by the HCA Working Party and further acknowledge that whilst there are a range of common titles existing across DHBs, different designations are also in use such as Operating Theatre Assistants”

Note This document contains titles that are common in many DHBs. However, it is acknowledged that some Boards use different titles. Where this exists the document should be read as if the local titles apply.
**HCA/HA WORKING PARTY JOB CLASSIFICATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DHB</th>
<th>JOB CLASSIFICATIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bay of Plenty</td>
<td>MECA titles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wanganui</td>
<td>Health Care Assistant, Psychiatric Assistant, Hospital Aide, Rehabilitation Assistant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MidCentral</td>
<td>Care Assistant, Ward Assistant, Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawke’s Bay</td>
<td>Care Associate, Rehabilitation Assistant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Coast</td>
<td>Caregiver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nelson/Marlborough</td>
<td>MECA Titles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Otago</td>
<td>Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southland</td>
<td>Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canterbury</td>
<td>Service Titled Assistants, Hospital Aides, Nursing Assistant, Milk Room Aides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hutt Valley</td>
<td>Health Assistant, Aides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lakes</td>
<td>MECA Titles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Canterbury</td>
<td>Care Associate, Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auckland</td>
<td>Health Care Assistants, Hospital Aides, Rehabilitation Assistants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wairarapa</td>
<td>Health Care Assistants, Mental Health Care Supporters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counties Manukau</td>
<td>Health Care Assistant, Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northland</td>
<td>Auxiliary Workers (Mental Health), Health Care Assistants, Hospital Aides, Patient Care Assistants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waikato</td>
<td>Health Care Assistants, Rehab Assistants, Psychiatric Assistants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Coast</td>
<td>Health Care Assistants, Health Care Associate, Psychiatric Assistant, Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waitemata</td>
<td>Health Service Assistant, Health Care Assistant, Hospital Aide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taranaki</td>
<td>Health Care Assistant, Psychiatric Assistant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tairawhiti</td>
<td>Hospital Aides, Health Care Workers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix 1 (d)

DESIGNATED SENIOR NURSES / MIDWIVES JOB TITLES

The titles recommended in this report have been endorsed by the parties

Introduction
This document represents the work of the DHBNZ / NZNO Senior Nurse/Midwife job title working party.

The Working Party Process
The working party started its work by asking the DHBs to identify the current titles of their Senior Nurse/Midwife roles. The working party considered these titles and the type of work undertaken by each of the positions identified. There was a lot of difference between the titles in use and the type of work undertaken by senior roles across the DHBs. The working party used the information provided by the DHBs as well as the recommendations of the National Nurses Organisation (NNO) to develop draft position titles.

Clarifying Notes

1. These titles DO NOT reflect salary grades. There will be different levels of positions with the same title that sit on different salary grades as determined during the Senior Nurse/Midwife scoping exercise (particularly for CNS, CNM and CNE roles). Roles are not required to be re scoped as a result of the transition to the new title.

2. These titles DO NOT determine organisational structure – DHBs may have some positions and not others within their structures. There is no requirement for a DHB to have all positions.

3. These titles DO NOT alter current position descriptions or functions – the title is the only thing that is being changed in this process.

4. The relevant title is determined by the predominant purpose of the role.

5. To hold one of the specified senior titles, roles must be designated as senior by the DHB.

6. Once endorsed by the DHBs and affected senior nurses/midwives, these position titles will be used at all DHBs for all senior nurse/midwife positions (as defined by the NZNO MECA), by 31 December 2006.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Role Descriptor</th>
<th>Recommendations - Proposed National Senior Nurse and Midwife Titles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nurse/Midwife Manager</td>
<td>– Responsible for the efficient and effective operational management of a service/services. A service is defined as multiple units and/or teams with different subspecialties (for example Nurse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
organisations with titles of other similar management positions

| Manager of Regional Cancer Treatment Services, Nurse Manager of Mental Health Services – which includes a number of sub-specialties such as Inpatient, Day Service and Community Mental Health Services). |
| To manage and lead the people, systems, processes and resources that facilitate efficient and effective service delivery |
| Responsibility for business planning, financial, human resource management and budget accountabilities for the service/facility |
| Contributes to the development of the strategic direction of the organisation |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinical Nurse/Midwife Manager or Charge Nurse/Midwife Manager</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rationale – Consistent with the above title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>− understood nationally</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>− recognises and validates the management component of this nursing leadership role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To manage the systems, processes and resources that enable staff to meet the needs of the patient/consumer/tangata whaiora in an efficient and effective manner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of people, systems and resources within a defined care area to ensure that service delivery is of a high standard. May include budget holding accountabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responsible for one or more defined care areas. A care area is defined as a ward, unit or team.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To provide clinical leadership for the multi-disciplinary team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To provide professional leadership to the nursing/midwifery team, developing the nursing/midwifery services and monitoring quality, including standards of practice and service standards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributes to the achievement of strategic direction for defined care area/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Associate Clinical Nurse/Midwife Manager or Associate Charge Nurse/Midwife Manager</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rationale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>− consistent with above titles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>− recognition of authority and accountability resting in these formal roles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supportive role to the CNM and/or Nurse/midwife Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuing clinical coordination and expertise to enable an effective practice environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delegated ongoing responsibility for aspects of the CNM role (eg. performance management, rostering)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides direct care as required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provides clinical leadership for staff and assists with coaching and supervision as delegated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinical Nurse/Midwife Coordinator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rationale – provides a title for DHBs where this role is designated senior. At some DHBs, this role is shared on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination of the people, systems and resources for a shift or group to ensure service delivery is efficient and effective.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May contribute to supervision and coaching of nursing/midwifery staff.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Nurse/Midwife Coordinator | Rationale – supports/coordinates programmes or areas that have direct impact on nursing practice. Not a direct clinical role, nor a management role. | Implementing and advising on specific clinical and/or quality programmes, some examples of which are:  
- Nurse Coordinator – Clinical Trials  
- Nurse Coordinator – PDRP  
- Nurse Coordinator – Trendcare  
These are not roles that predominantly provide direct clinical care. |
| Nurse/Midwife Educator | Rationale – focuses on skill development and education of nurses/midwives | Facilitating learning that may include:  
- Development and/or delivery of education programmes and resources that apply within the service and/or across the DHB  
- Delivery in both clinical and classroom settings  
- Meeting quality and safety standards  
- Developing the competency and capability of the nursing/midwifery workforce  
- Informing and contributing to the development of organisational policy  
- Input into the development and/or assistance with the delivery of graduate and/or postgraduate programmes  
- Develop and deliver postgraduate programmes from a tertiary education institute  
Includes positions that educate nurses/midwives in specific programme areas as well as in areas of clinical specialty, such as:  
- Nurse Educator – IV Therapy  
- Nurse Educator – Surgical Services  
- Nurse Educator - NETP  
- Nurse Educator - Postgraduate programme |
| Nurse/Midwife Researcher | Rationale – to limit title of ‘Researcher’ to lead research roles – other positions (such as CNE, CNS, Coordinator) may participate in and contribute to research projects, but do not usually lead research as a predominant part of their role | Leads and undertakes nursing/midwifery/population health research and development activity using accepted research methodology, locally, regionally and/or nationally  
Note – this title applies to lead supervisors of research projects |
| Nurse/Midwife Consultant (policy and framework focus) | | Provide professional nursing/midwifery leadership, consultancy and advice  
Increase the effectiveness of patient care delivery by leading and developing quality improvement projects and facilitating development and |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nurse Practitioner</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>Rationale</strong> – As defined by Nursing Council of New Zealand&lt;br&gt;Improve health outcomes through advanced nursing practice with a specific population&lt;br&gt;Provide leadership and consultancy in their defined specialty practice area&lt;br&gt;Develop nursing guidelines and policy, nursing education, nursing quality improvement in specialty&lt;br&gt;Shows scholarly research inquiry into nursing practice&lt;br&gt;Lead developments and changes in nursing practice&lt;br&gt;Appointee approved by the Nursing Council to hold Nurse Practitioner Registration</td>
<td>– Facilitates nursing/midwifery input into policy and framework decisions, at an organisational level&lt;br&gt;– Accept delegated responsibilities from the Director of Nursing and/or Midwifery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clinical Nurse/Midwife Specialist</strong>&lt;br&gt;Rationale – consistently used nationally at present – clearly understood and accepted&lt;br&gt;Focus on care delivery&lt;br&gt;Providing specialist nursing/midwifery care and expertise, both in direct care delivery and in support to other staff in the management of a defined patient group/area of specialty practice&lt;br&gt;Researching, evaluating, developing and implementing standards of nursing/midwifery practice in the specific area of practice&lt;br&gt;Leads the development of pathways, protocols and guidelines in the specific area of practice</td>
<td>– Focus on care delivery&lt;br&gt;– Providing specialist nursing/midwifery care and expertise, both in direct care delivery and in support to other staff in the management of a defined patient group/area of specialty practice&lt;br&gt;– Researching, evaluating, developing and implementing standards of nursing/midwifery practice in the specific area of practice&lt;br&gt;– Leads the development of pathways, protocols and guidelines in the specific area of practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specialty Clinical Nurse/Midwife</strong>&lt;br&gt;Rationale – to avoid confusion with the above title, and to reflect roles at this level of practice in DHBs where they are designated senior&lt;br&gt;Works in a narrow field but with more in-depth knowledge and skills than RN&lt;br&gt;Enhance health outcomes for clients by working directly with them to provide assessment, care and education within specific area of practice&lt;br&gt;Contributes to development of pathways, protocols and guidelines in the specific area of practice</td>
<td>– Focus on care delivery&lt;br&gt;– Providing specialist nursing/midwifery care and expertise, both in direct care delivery and in support to other staff in the management of a defined patient group/area of specialty practice&lt;br&gt;– Researching, evaluating, developing and implementing standards of nursing/midwifery practice in the specific area of practice&lt;br&gt;– Leads the development of pathways, protocols and guidelines in the specific area of practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Duty Nurse/Midwife Manager</strong>&lt;br&gt;Rationale – clearly understood and accepted already&lt;br&gt;Delegated responsibility for the after hours operational management of the hospital services, including crisis and facility management&lt;br&gt;Authority for the management of resources for the duration of the shift&lt;br&gt;Demonstrates and applies clinical expertise either directly or through coaching and supervisory function&lt;br&gt;May also be responsible for the day to day coordination of resource utilisation including</td>
<td>– Delegated responsibility for the after hours operational management of the hospital services, including crisis and facility management&lt;br&gt;– Authority for the management of resources for the duration of the shift&lt;br&gt;– Demonstrates and applies clinical expertise either directly or through coaching and supervisory function&lt;br&gt;– May also be responsible for the day to day coordination of resource utilisation including</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Resource Nurse</td>
<td>deployment and redeployment of casual/pool/permanent staff to best meet workload requirements and patient bed management across the hospital.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Rationale – reflects roles existing in some DHBs where differentiation between clinical leadership and duty management role after hours | – Provision of clinical leadership, advice and support across a service/services/hospital  
– No delegated operational management responsibility after hours |
Appendix 2(a)

SCHEDULE OF RETIRING GRATUITIES PROVISIONS BY DHB

All clause numbers refer to the clauses in the previously applicable local Collective Agreements.

Auckland Region MECA:

16.0 RETIRING GRATUITIES

16.1 The Employer shall pay a retiring gratuity to staff retiring from the DHB have had not less than ten years’ service with the employing Company, with that board and one or more other boards and with one or more of the following services: the Public Service, the Post Office, New Zealand Railways or any university in New Zealand, provided that for employees engaged after 1.7.92 only service with Area Health Boards and Hospital Boards, CHEs, HHSs and District Health Boards shall be recognised.

16.2 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service may be aggregated, whether this be part-time or whole-time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility.

16.3 Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

16.4 Gratuities shall be paid to the spouse or if no surviving spouse, the dependent child(ren) or the estate of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage contract has been made or who is in a de facto relationship in accordance with the Property Relationships Act.

16.5 The calculation of a gratuity entitlement shall be in accordance with the scale detailed below, provided that the amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation shall be deducted.

16.6 For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity which the DHB may pay, the rate of pay on retirement shall be the base rate of salary or wages.

16.7 An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of the District Health Board will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purposes.
16.8 A full gratuity may also be granted to those employees who have had not less than 10 years’ service and who are resigning for reasons of ill health or incapacity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SCALE OF MAXIMUM GRATUITIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Period of Total Service</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Range</th>
<th>Pay Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years</td>
<td>22 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 years and less than 12 years</td>
<td>25 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 12 years and less than 13 years</td>
<td>28 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 13 years and less than 14 years</td>
<td>31 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 14 years and less than 15 years</td>
<td>34 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 15 years and less than 16 years</td>
<td>36 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 16 years and less than 17 years</td>
<td>39 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 17 years and less than 18 years</td>
<td>42 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 18 years and less than 19 years</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 21 years and less than 22 years</td>
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<td>Not less than 24 years and less than 25 years</td>
<td>62 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 25 years and less than 26 years</td>
<td>66 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 26 years and less than 27 years</td>
<td>70 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 27 years and less than 28 years</td>
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<td>Not less than 29 years and less than 30 years</td>
<td>83 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 30 years and less than 31 years</td>
<td>88 days pay</td>
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<td>101 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 34 years and less than 35 years</td>
<td>105 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 35 years and less than 36 years</td>
<td>109 days pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Northern Districts MECA:

This provision does not apply to Lakes DHB.

RETIRING GRATUITIES

(1) Note: This clause shall not apply to employees whose current employment commenced after 23 November 1992.

(2) The employer may at his/her sole discretion pay a retiring gratuity to staff retiring from the Company who have had not less than 10 years' service with the employing Company, with that Company and one or more other boards and with one or more of the following services: the Public Service, the Post Office, New Zealand Railways or any university in New Zealand.

(3) For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total Company service may be aggregated, whether this be part-time or whole-time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility.

(4) Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

(5) Gratuities may be paid to the spouse or if no surviving spouse, the dependent child(ren) or the estate of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage contract has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.

(6) The employer at his/her sole discretion may also grant half the normal entitlement to those employees resigning after not less than 10 years service to take up other employment.

(7) The calculation of a gratuity entitlement shall be in accordance with the scale detailed below, provided that the amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation shall be deducted.

(8) For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity which a board may pay the rate of pay on retirement shall be the basic ordinary (T1) rates of salary or wages.
(9) An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of the board, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purposes.

**SCALE OF MAXIMUM GRATUITIES:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Total Service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 yrs and less than 11 yrs</td>
<td>31 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 yrs and less than 12 yrs</td>
<td>35 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 12 yrs and less than 13 yrs</td>
<td>39 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 13 yrs and less than 14 yrs</td>
<td>43 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 14 yrs and less than 15 yrs</td>
<td>47 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 15 yrs and less than 16 yrs</td>
<td>51 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 16 yrs and less than 17 yrs</td>
<td>55 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 17 yrs and less than 18 yrs</td>
<td>59 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 18 yrs and less than 19 yrs</td>
<td>63 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 19 yrs and less than 20 yrs</td>
<td>67 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 20 yrs and less than 21 yrs</td>
<td>71 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 21 yrs and less than 22 yrs</td>
<td>75 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 22 yrs and less than 23 yrs</td>
<td>79 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 23 yrs and less than 24 yrs</td>
<td>83 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 24 yrs and less than 25 yrs</td>
<td>87 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 25 yrs and less than 26 yrs</td>
<td>92 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 26 yrs and less than 27 yrs</td>
<td>98 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 27 yrs and less than 28 yrs</td>
<td>104 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 28 yrs and less than 29 yrs</td>
<td>110 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 29 yrs and less than 30 yrs</td>
<td>116 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 30 yrs and less than 31 yrs</td>
<td>123 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 31 yrs and less than 32 yrs</td>
<td>129 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 32 yrs and less than 33 yrs</td>
<td>135 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 33 yrs and less than 34 yrs</td>
<td>141 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 34 yrs and less than 35 yrs</td>
<td>147 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 35 yrs and less than 36 yrs</td>
<td>153 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 36 yrs and less than 37 yrs</td>
<td>159 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 37 yrs and less than 38 yrs</td>
<td>165 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 38 yrs and less than 39 yrs</td>
<td>171 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 39 yrs and less than 40 yrs</td>
<td>177 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 40 years</td>
<td>183 days' pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** These are consecutive rather than working days.

**Waikato DHB**

**RETIRING GRATUITIES**

**NOTE:** This clause shall not apply to employees employed after 30 June 1992.
1. The employer may pay a retiring gratuity to staff retiring from the organisation who have had not less than 10 years' service with the employer, with the employer and one or more other District Health Board or its predecessors and with one or more of the following services: the Public Service, the Post Office, New Zealand Railways or any university in New Zealand.

2. For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total organisational service may be aggregated, whether this be part-time or whole-time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility.

3. Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

4. Gratuities may be paid to the spouse or if no surviving spouse, the dependent child(ren) or the estate of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage contract has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.

5. The calculation of a gratuity entitlement shall be in accordance with the scale detailed below, provided that the amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation shall be deducted.

6. For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity which the employer may pay the rate of pay on retirement shall be the basic rates of salary or wages that is consolidated components of salaries which are inclusive of penal payments shall not be paid i.e. caseload midwives, refer to Variation.

7. An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of the employer, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purposes.

### Scale Of Maximum Gratuities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Total Service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years</td>
<td>31 days' pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 11 years and less than 12 years</td>
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<td>Not less than 12 years and less than 13 years</td>
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<td>Gratuity Payment</td>
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<tr>
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<td>177 days' pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 40 years</td>
<td>183 days' pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: These are consecutive rather than working days.

**Bay Of Plenty DHB**

**Gratuities (Tauranga Hospital)**

The gratuities payment was grand parented for Tauranga Hospital, but would only be paid in respect to redundancy for staff with current continuous service commenced before 23 November 1992, as per schedule E of the Bay of Plenty District Health Board Nurses, Midwives & Healthcare Assistant's Agreement effective 01 July 2001 - 30 June 2002.

**Ex gratia payment**

A retirement gratuity (in the form of an ex gratia payment), may be payable, at the sole discretion of the CEO, for those staff with current continuous service who commenced before 23 November 1992 as per schedule E of the Bay of Plenty District Health Board Nurses, Midwives & Healthcare Assistant's Agreement effective 01 July 2001 - 30 June 2002.

**Tairawhiti DHB**

**RETIRING GRATUITIES**

1. The employer may pay a gratuity to staff retiring, who have had not less than 10 years' qualifying service as provided for in Clause 18 and clause 46.10 in the Tairawhiti DHB previous collective agreement.
2. For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service may be aggregated, whether this be part-time or whole time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility.

3. Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

4. Gratuities may be paid to the spouse or if no surviving spouse, the dependent child(ren) or the estate of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage agreement has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.

5. The calculation of gratuity entitlement shall be in accordance with the scale detailed below, provided that the amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation shall be deducted.

6. For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity the rate of pay on retirement shall be the basic rate of wage until 1 January 1997 (refer Clause 46.11 in the Tairawhiti DHB previous collective agreement).

7. An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the employer's service, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purposes.

8. **Scale of Maximum Gratuities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Total Service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years</td>
<td>31 days' pay</td>
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Not less than 35 years and less than 36 years 153 days' pay
Not less than 36 years and less than 37 years 159 days' pay
Not less than 37 years and less than 38 years 165 days' pay
Not less than 38 years and less than 39 years 171 days' pay
Not less than 39 years and less than 40 years 177 days' pay
Not less than 40 years 183 days' pay

NOTE: These are consecutive rather than working days.

11. Employees employed after 30 June 1994 shall only have service with Tairawhiti District Health recognised for the purposes of this clause.

12. As of 1 January 1997 the calculation for the gratuity will be made at the wage rate payable to the individual employee and shall not be adjusted by any subsequent wage increase. Employees employed after 1 January 1997 shall not be eligible to retiring gratuities.

Northland DHB

RETIRING GRATUITIES

a. Employees retiring who have no less than 10 years service with the employer and are no less than 55 years of age may be paid a Retirement Gratuity within the scale given in Fourth Schedule.

b. The provisions of this clause will also apply where early retirement is taken by an employee as an alternative to redundancy.

FOURTH SCHEDULE - RETIREMENT GRATUITIES

SCALE OF MAXIMUM GRATUITIES:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SERVICE (years)</th>
<th>GRATUITY (consecutive days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10</td>
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<td>36</td>
<td>55</td>
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<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: These are consecutive rather than working days.
Lower North Island MECA:

1.0 RETIREMENT GRATUITIES

Retirement Gratuity entitlements applicable at each DHB are as set out below. (This clause does not apply to Hawke’s Bay or Taranaki, which previously made compensatory payments to their employees when this provision was bought out.)

Gratuity payments are calculated using the scale set out at the end of this clause.

Except for Hutt Valley, retirement for the purposes of this clause is the permanent cessation of regular paid employment.

Except for Hutt Valley, an employee may retire:
(a) Voluntarily;
(b) On medical grounds (requires a medical certificate from a doctor acceptable to the DHB);
(c) By agreement between the DHB and the employee.

Wairarapa DHB:

Retirement gratuities were frozen as of 28 March 1993.
These entitlements are applicable to all eligible staff employed before 28 March 1993.
Hutt Valley DHB:

(a) Retiring Gratuity entitlements are applicable as per the scale for employees who have not less than 10 years' service as at 12 October 1992 and who are eligible to retire.
(b) From 10 October 1993 no further service shall accrue for the calculation of retiring gratuities.
(c) Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

Whanganui DHB:

The criteria for the payment of Retiring Gratuities is set out in clause 39 (and outlined below) of the 1993 Nurses and Midwives CEC;

Clause 39.0 of the CEC dated 18 December 1993:

39.1 Employees who have between 10 and 15 years service as at 18 December 1993 shall earn and be paid 50% of the maximum retiring gratuity.
39.2 Employees who have more than 15 years service as at 18 December 1993 shall earn and be paid a retiring gratuity in accordance with the scale of maximum gratuities.
39.3 Employees who have less than 10 years service as at 18 December 1993 or who are employed after that date, shall not receive or earn any retirement gratuity.
39.4 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service may be aggregated, whether this be part-time or full-time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its full-time equivalent for the purposes of establishing eligibility.
39.5 Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.
39.6 Gratuities shall be paid to the spouse or if not surviving spouse, the dependent child(ren) of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage contract has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.
39.7 The Chief Executive Officer may also grant half of their retirement gratuity entitlement to those employees resigning after not less than 10 years service as a result of ill health which prevents them from continuing in their position.
39.8 The amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation, shall be deducted.
39.9 For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity which Whanganui DHB should pay, the rate of pay on retirement shall be the basic rates of salary or wages.
39.10 An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of Whanganui DHB, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purpose.
“Service” means current continuous service with Whanganui District Health Board and its immediate predecessors, that is the Good Health Whanganui, Manawatu-Wanganui Area Health Board, the Wanganui Area Health Board and the Wanganui Hospital Board, but may be broken up by periods of up to three months. Any break in service of longer than three months shall debar an employee from counting the service prior to that break towards any service related entitlements in this agreement.

(a) Any employee employed after 15 December 1993 will have service recognised as defined above.

(b) Any employee employed on or before 15 December 1993 will have service recognised, according to the Nurses’ & Midwives’ Collective Employment Contract signed on 23 December 1993.

**MidCentral DHB:**

**Retirement Allowance**

The Chief Executive Officer shall pay a retiring allowance to employees who, on the 15 December 1993, had no less than ten years’ continuous service with the Health Service and were an employee of MCH on that date.

(a) Having established eligibility for an allowance by meeting the above requirements, any further service for that employee shall be as defined in the definitions.

(b) Employees who had more than ten but less than fifteen years service on 15 December 1993 will be paid 50% of the relevant retiring allowance when they retire.

(c) Employees who had more than 15 years service on 15 December 1993 will be paid a retiring allowance in accordance with the scale of retiring allowances, when they retire.

(d) Employees who had less than 10 years continuous service on 15 December 1993, or who were employed after that date shall not receive any retirement allowance.

(e) Where part-time service is involved the allowance shall be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for allowance purposes.

(f) An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of MCH, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for allowance purposes.

(g) Allowances shall be paid to the spouse or if no surviving spouse, the dependent child(ren) or the estate of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a allowance. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage contract has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.

(h) For the purposes of calculating the amount of allowance which MCH may pay, the rate of pay on retirement shall be the basic rates of salary or wages.

**Discretionary Retiring Gratuity**

The Chief Executive Officer may grant half of the appropriate retirement scale of allowances to those employees who have not less than 10 years’ continuous service and must resign...
because of ill health.

Service Definition for Retirement Allowances

(a) Service means all service, whether in full-time, part-time or casual employment, with MCH. Provided that they were employees of MCH as at 15 December 1993 and have a service entitlement recognised under a previous collective employment contract (or award) they shall retain such entitlement until that employee ceases to be an employee of MCH.

(b) Continuous means current continuous service with MCH which may be broken up by periods of up to three months. Any break in service of longer than three months shall debar an employee from counting the service prior to that break towards any continuous service entitlement. Provided that employees of MCH as at 15 December 1993 who have a continuous service entitlement recognised under a previous collective employment contract (or award) shall retain such entitlement until that employee ceases to be an employee of MCH. Provided that Enrolled Nurses or Registered Nurses who resign or change their status to undertake a period of continuous study to bridge to RCompN/B.N. will have their previous current continuous service entitlement recognised on re-employment with MCH. This applies if re-employment is within three months of receipt of results and applies only to enrolled nurses or registered nurses who are employed by MCH for up to one month prior to study commencing.

Capital & Coast DHB:

Retirement Gratuities

(a) If the employee has ten or more years service the retirement gratuity set out in 9.1 shall be paid.
(b) The employer shall pay a retiring gratuity to employees retiring who have had not less than ten years’ service recognised as at 12 October 1992.
(c) For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service may be aggregated whether this be part-time or whole-time or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility. Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this.
(d) Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.
(e) Gratuities shall be paid to the estate of employees who die before retirement or who dies after retirement but before receiving a gratuity.
(f) For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity which the employer shall pay, the rate of pay on retirement shall be the ordinary rate of pay only.
(g) From 10 October 1993 no further service shall accrue regarding the payment of retiring gratuities.

1.1 Retirement Gratuity Scale
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Total Service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years</td>
<td>31 days' pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 11 years and less than 12 years</td>
<td>35 days' pay</td>
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<td>177 days' pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 40 years</td>
<td>183 days' pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: These are consecutive rather than working days.

**South Island MECA:**

**45.0 RETIRING GRATUITIES**

45.1 The following applies only to employees employed by the relevant DHB below, who have remained continuously employed by that DHB:
   - South Canterbury DHB
   - Nelson Marlborough DHB employed prior to 30 October 1992
   - Otago DHB employed prior to 1 February 1999
Southland DHB employed prior to 1 July 1995
West Coast DHB employed prior to 1 July 1997

45.2 The employer may pay a retiring gratuity to employees permanently retiring from the workforce who have had no less than 10 years’ current continuous service with the same employer. The status quo criteria used by each individual employer, in determining whether an employee is granted a gratuity as at 17 December 2001 will continue to be used.

45.3 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service as above may be aggregated, whether this be part time or whole time, or a combination of both at different periods.

45.4 Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this fact. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

45.5 The calculation shall be based on the base rate of salary or wages.

45.6 The gratuity is based on the following scale

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current continuous service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years</td>
<td>31 days</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 years and up to 26 years</td>
<td>Additional 4 days for each full year of service in excess of 10 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 26 years and up to 40 years</td>
<td>Additional 6 days for each full year of service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 40 years</td>
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Note: These are consecutive rather than working days.

**Nelson Marlborough Retiring Gratuities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>year</th>
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</tr>
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<td>---</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>11 to 26 = 4 days per full year</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
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<tr>
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<td>11 to 26 = 4 days per full year</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>91</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>133</td>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
34  145  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year  
35  151  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year  
36  157  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year  
37  163  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year  
38  169  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year  
39  175  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year  
40  181  26 (in excess of 25) to 40 = 6 days per full year

Canterbury Nurses’ CA:
Nil.

Canterbury Charge Nurses’ CA:
Nil.

Canterbury MUCA:
Nil.

Canterbury Mental Health and Older Persons Health Divisions Coordinators CA:
Nil.

Bay Of Plenty After Hours Managers CA:
Nil.

Lower North Island Senior Nurses’ and Midwives’ MECA:

9.0 RETIRING GRATUITIES

Where an employee currently has an entitlement to a retiring gratuity, grand parented or otherwise, the DHB will write to that employee confirming their entitlement and provide a copy of this letter to the NZNO.

Retirement for the purpose of this collective agreement is the permanent cessation of regular paid employment. An employee may retire voluntarily, on medical grounds (requires a medical certificate from a doctor acceptable to the DHB and the employee), or by agreement between the employer and the employee.
**West Coast After Hours Coordinators and Relief After Hours coordinators**

**CA:**

**SCHEDULE 3: RETIRING GRATUITIES**

_Scale of Maximum Gratuities (reckoned in consecutive not working days)_

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PERIOD OF SERVICE</th>
<th>MAXIMUM GRATUITY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years</td>
<td>31 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 years and less than 12 years</td>
<td>35 days pay</td>
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<tr>
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<td>39 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 13 years and less than 14 years</td>
<td>43 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 14 years and less than 15 years</td>
<td>47 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 15 years and less than 16 years</td>
<td>51 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 16 years and less than 17 years</td>
<td>55 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 17 years and less than 18 years</td>
<td>59 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 18 years and less than 19 years</td>
<td>63 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 19 years and less than 20 years</td>
<td>67 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 20 years and less than 21 years</td>
<td>71 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 21 years and less than 22 years</td>
<td>75 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 22 years and less than 23 years</td>
<td>79 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 23 years and less than 24 years</td>
<td>83 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 24 years and less than 25 years</td>
<td>87 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 25 years and less than 26 years</td>
<td>92 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 26 years and less than 27 years</td>
<td>98 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 27 years and less than 28 years</td>
<td>104 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 28 years and less than 29 years</td>
<td>110 days pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
West Coast DHB Clinical Nurse Leaders / Associates CA:

21. RETIRING GRATUITIES

Note: Clause 21, Retiring Gratuities shall apply to those Employees employed by the Employer prior to 28 February 2001

21.1 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total board service shall be aggregated, whether this is part-time or whole time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility.

21.2 Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

21.3 Gratuities shall be paid to the spouse or if no surviving spouse, the dependent child (ren) of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Spouse is defined as a person with whom a marriage contract has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Range</th>
<th>Pay in Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 29 years and less than 30 years</td>
<td>116 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 30 years and less than 31 years</td>
<td>123 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 31 years and less than 32 years</td>
<td>129 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 32 years and less than 33 years</td>
<td>135 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 33 years and less than 34 years</td>
<td>141 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 34 years and less than 35 years</td>
<td>147 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 35 years and less than 36 years</td>
<td>153 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 36 years and less than 37 years</td>
<td>159 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 37 years and less than 38 years</td>
<td>165 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 38 years and less than 39 years</td>
<td>171 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 39 years and less than 40 years</td>
<td>177 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 40 years</td>
<td>183 days pay</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Days pay is calculated on base salary figures
21.4 An Employer will grant half the normal entitlement to those employees resigning after not less than 10 years' service to take up other employment.

21.5 The calculation of gratuity entitlement shall be 3 [three] months, [12 working week’s] ordinary time, [T1] payment, provided that the amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation shall be deducted.

21.6 An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of the West Coast District Health Board, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purposes.

South Canterbury DHB Senior Nursing Staff CA:

9.0 RETIREMENT GRATUITY

9.1 The employee after completion of 10 years service with South Canterbury District Health Board is entitled to apply for a retirement gratuity as set out in Schedule Two of this Agreement.

Schedule Two
Retirement Gratuity Payments

Scale of Maximum Gratuities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period of Service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years</td>
<td>31 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 years and less than 12 years</td>
<td>35 days pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 12 years and less than 13 years</td>
<td>39 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 13 years and less than 14 years</td>
<td>43 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 14 years and less than 15 years</td>
<td>47 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 15 years and less than 16 years</td>
<td>51 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 16 years and less than 17 years</td>
<td>55 days pay</td>
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<td>59 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 18 years and less than 19 years</td>
<td>63 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 19 years and less than 20 years</td>
<td>67 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 20 years and less than 21 years</td>
<td>71 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 21 years and less than 22 years</td>
<td>75 days pay</td>
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<td>Not less than 26 years and less than 27 years</td>
<td>98 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 27 years and less than 28 years</td>
<td>104 days pay</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not less than 28 years and less than 29 years</td>
<td>110 days pay</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Not less than 29 years and less than 30 years 116 days pay
Not less than 30 years and less than 31 years 123 days pay
Not less than 31 years and less than 32 years 129 days pay
Not less than 32 years and less than 33 years 135 days pay
Not less than 33 years and less than 34 years 141 days pay
Not less than 34 years and less than 35 years 147 days pay
Not less than 35 years and less than 36 years 153 days pay
Not less than 36 years and less than 37 years 159 days pay
Not less than 37 years and less than 38 years 165 days pay
Not less than 38 years and less than 39 years 171 days pay
Not less than 39 years and less than 40 years 177 days pay
Not less than 40 years 183 days pay

NOTE: Days pay is calculated on base salary figures.

Otago DHB Clinical Charge Nurses and Clinical Nurse Specialists CA:

28.0 RETIRING GRATUITIES

28.1 The following applies only to employees employed by ODHB, who were employed and have remained continuously employed by the employer prior to 1 February 1999.

28.2 The employer may pay a retiring gratuity to employees permanently retiring from the workforce who have had no less than 10 years’ current continuous service with the same employer.

28.3 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service as above may be aggregated, whether this be part time or whole time, or a combination of both at different periods.

28.4 Where part time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this fact. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

28.5 The calculation shall be based on the base rate of salary or wages.

28.6 The gratuity is based on the following scale

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current continuous service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years</td>
<td>31 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 years and less than 26 years</td>
<td>Additional 4 days for each full year of service in excess of 10 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 26 years and up to 10 years</td>
<td>Additional 6 days for each year of service in excess of 25 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>to a maximum of 40 years.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note: These are consecutive rather than working days.

**Otago DHB Duty Coordinators CA:**

### 46.0 RETIRING GRATUITIES

46.1 The following applies only to employees employed by the employer prior to 1 February 1999, and who have since remained continuously employed by the employer.

46.2 The employer may pay a retiring gratuity to employees permanently retiring from the workforce who have had no less than 10 years’ current continuous service with the same employer. The status quo criteria used by each individual employer, in determining whether an employee is granted a gratuity as at 17 December 2001 will continue to be used.

46.3 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total service as above may be aggregated, whether this be part time or whole time, or a combination of both at different periods.

46.4 Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this fact. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.

46.5 The calculation shall be based on the base rate of salary or wages.

46.6 The gratuity is based on the following scale:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current continuous service</th>
<th>Maximum Gratuity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 10 years</td>
<td>31 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 11 years and up to 26 years</td>
<td>Additional 4 days for each full year of service in excess of 10 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not less than 26 years and up to 40 years</td>
<td>Additional 6 days for each full year of service in excess of 25 years, to a maximum of 40 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: These are consecutive rather than working days.
Appendix 2(b)

ALLOWANCES

The following allowances shall be retained until agreed otherwise:

1. Clinical Supervision Allowance – (LNI MECA Additional Terms and Conditions of Employment Taranaki DHB Clause 10.0) – “An allowance of $500.00 per annum is payable to a nurse providing clinical supervision within mental health as per the mental health protocols.” This shall be retained for Mental Health employees only.

2. South Westland Rural Nurse Specialists – (SI MECA Clause 8.5). “where a GP vacancy exists and they do not have the support of a GP shall receive an allowance of $175 per week”.

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

ENROLLED NURSES

The employer acknowledges that the Enrolled Nurse scope of practice is distinct from that of Registered Nurse and Health Care Assistant / Hospital Aide.

The DHB parties to the MECA undertake to promote the employment of Enrolled Nurses by ensuring that Enrolled Nurse Positions remain a valid and integral part of the Nursing Care team, according to their scope of practice.
Signed this.

**AUTHORISED representatives of the EMPLOYEE PARTIES:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>David Wait</td>
<td>NZNO Industrial Adviser</td>
<td>22/11/2023</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signed this **AUTHORISED representatives of the**

**EMPLOYER PARTIES:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Margie Apa</td>
<td>Tumu Whakarae</td>
<td>Chief Executive Officer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>